From: BRIAN CHAMBERS < brchambers@comcast.net >

Sent: Sunday, February 07, 2021 11:42 PM

To: Planning < Planning@a2gov.org >; DiLeo, Alexis < ADiLeo@a2gov.org >; Lenart, Brett < BLenart@a2gov.org >

Cc: CityCouncil <CityCouncil@a2gov.org>; Stults, Missy <MStults@a2gov.org>; Delacourt, Derek

<DDelacourt@a2gov.org>

Subject: Re: Effective Transit District Design - Transit Supported Development - vs - Transit Oriented

Development Best Practices

I posted this to the Facebook Ann Arbor Politics forum, and made a few modifications to address the need for mixed-use development within the Transit Districts. Here it is so you have it in the updated version:

Planning Commission & Department Leaders:

cc: City Council

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My understanding is that the goal is for a more neighborhood friendly style of development that reduces dependency on cars, and the congestion they bring, while increasing the amount of housing units with walkable access to essential services in nearby mixed-use commercial units.

To do this, Transit Districts need to be based on 'transfer-nodes' and walkable neighborhoods, and housing / employment densities that enable financially sustainable bus-transit system growth.

It comes down to whether or not we want to encourage more density based on the actual design of our AAATA system, and its potential for growth, or we look to piece-meal denser growth in particular areas of Ann Arbor, that just happen to be along bus routes and high traffic areas.

My fear is the Transit District framework being developed would be more along the terms of the latter option. The sustainability, carbon reduction benefits and lower living costs that occur when housing development and transit-systems are jointly designed would be lost, or minimally cut short, if that happens.

Living costs are not reduced by increased housing supply, per se, but rather by the reduced need for individual auto-based transportation.

Housing costs will not go down with increased densities, as retail market rates will continue to be the dominant mode for new housing.

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Essentially, Transit Oriented Development, as a best practice, considers the overall structure of the transit system, bus-based in Ann Arbor's case, and builds out greater housing densities at the transfer nodes, to augment growth in the way those transfer points facilitate passenger traffic to the main areas of employment.

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Development around the peripheral nodes would be for 1/4 mile walkable neighborhoods at each of the Transit District designated transfer nodes. Walkability is meant to mean for local essential services, shops, etc. This necessitates additional mixed-use commercial development within that $\frac{1}{4}$ mile radius.

Tall buildings are *not* necessary for effective Transit District design, and do not need to be specifically targeted - see the links below.

It would be a mistake to make the development of tall structures the basis of Transit Districts for Ann Arbor.

For example, for bus-based Transit Districts for village style development (appropriate for Ann Arbor's scale), the best practice recommendation is for 30 housing units / acre in the 1/4 mile radius around the transfer station. This 1/4 mile radius defines any one Transit District.

For the 1/2 mile square area that the 1/4 mile radius would total, a housing density of 4,800 housing units could be the target, based on global TOD best practices. Logically, one would start with the 1/4 mile areas where the most bus-lines cross.

Mixed use development is not required for every project in the Transit District, but for neighborhood walkability to services, it is *required* within the 1/4 radius from each transfer node that establishes the Transit District.

Per TOD best practices, the 1/4 mile radius around the Blake Transit Center could be at 25 housing units / acre, or 8,000 per 1/2 square mile total for the downtown center district (see links below for 'Center' level Transit Districts).

If this scale is too high for Ann Arbor, I suggest meeting with AAATA and defining more appropriate density targets that would create a financially stable AAATA, that would no longer require significant subsidies through millages.

Effective Transit District policy establishes target densities, based on the location of bus transfer nodes, and fosters mixed-use, walkable neighborhoods in the immediate (i.e. walkable) vicinity.

For this to work, with the greatest public benefit, urban design level (meaning City-level) professional discipline and practices should be pursued to the highest degree.

Going forward with a Transit District plan that treats any one District designation in isolation from the overall bus system design would be a great disservice, and especially if it wasn't anchored around the transfer nodes, where bus lines cross, nor mixed-used, neighborhood scale development.

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Taking the easy path, by ignoring the need for mixed use development across Transit Districts, and not locating the Transit District in ¼ mile radii around transfer nodes, is a disservice to Ann Arbor.

The public benefits possible with village scale Transit Oriented Development would not likely occur.

Thank you for your consideration, and best wishes on your efforts, as the future of Ann Arbor is critical to getting this done right.

Brian Chambers, Ph.D. (Ward 3)
UofM '86 Masters of Urban Planning
UofM '91 dual PhD in Urban, Technological and
Environmental Planning and Business Administration

From: Pat Zabawa < <u>patzabawa@gmail.com</u>>
Sent: Thursday, February 04, 2021 4:46 PM

To: Planning < <u>Planning@a2gov.org</u>>

Subject: Support for Proposed Zoning District for Transit Corridors

Hi Team,

I'm a Ann Arbor resident living at 402 E Jefferson St. :)

As per https://www.a2gov.org/departments/planning/Pages/Proposed-Transit-Oriented-Zoning-District.aspx, I want to write you that I'm in support of "increasing density along transit corridors" in order to keep housing demand supplied and prices from increasing as well as for walkability and environmental reasons.

Thanks for receiving feedback!

Pat Zabawa 402 E Jefferson St Ann Arbor, MI 48104 (215) 687-7127 **From:** Andre Pegeron andre.pegeron@gmail.com>

Sent: Friday, February 05, 2021 3:47 PM **To:** Planning < <u>Planning@a2gov.org</u>>

Subject: T1 District Feedback

Hi Planning Commission,

My name is Andre Pegeron. I was born and raised in Ann Arbor. Currently I attend graduate school in California but one day hope to move back to my hometown. My parents, sister, and many of my closest friends still live there.

Mixed-use, dense zoning is critical to the growth and future of Ann Arbor. The best places I have ever lived (liveliest, happiest, best sense of community) have been walkable neighborhoods with a variety of housing options and nearby stores and restaurants. Unfortunately, not everyone can afford to live in downtown or Kerrytown, and many people don't want to live amid all of the students. Giving more of Ann Arbor this "bustling neighborhood" character would be a boon. As a side benefit, it is also environmentally responsible.

I am in favor of the T1 zoning proposal in general, but I have some specific requests to make sure it is as effective as possible.

First, don't limit its application too much. Instead of picking a single area and waiting a few years to see how it goes, we need to broadly apply it to as many relevant zones as possible. Any area that is not zoned for strict residential or heavy industry should be able to be "mixed use."

Next, don't limit what can be built too much. We want to make sure that the new zone encourages rather than limits development. For instance, I (and I assume many others) have no issue with light industrial uses that don't negatively impact the surrounding area. I have no issues with some buildings falling outside of the 50%-66% residential range, or some buildings being single-story.

Thanks for reading my feedback and I look forward to the continued improvement of Ann Arbor -Andre

From: Kate Johnson < katejohnson0@gmail.com>
Sent: Saturday, February 06, 2021 10:07 AM

To: Planning < Planning@a2gov.org >

Subject: T1 district feedback

Hello-

My name is Kate Johnson. I was born and raised in Ann Arbor, and I now work as a registered nurse at Mott Children's Hospital. I work with many people that would like to live in Ann Arbor, but can't afford to do so. I would love it if housing was more affordable for these people, and I think a big part of that is increasing the supply of housing. I also would love to have more mixed-use areas in the city, simply because those are always the most enjoyable and practical areas to spend time.

I appreciate what the commission is trying to do with the T1 district, but I feel that only allowing a few areas in the city to be mixed-use is short-sighted. I think that the commission should consider rezoning all of the commercial and light industrial districts to allow for more mixed-use development. In addition, it seems that it would make sense for the T1 district to allow for light industrial uses, as long as they don't pose a health risk to people living in the area.

I think beautiful things can happen in a city when more freedom is given to its people. I hope the commission considers making the above adjustments to the T1 district proposal to allow for more flexibility throughout Ann Arbor.

Thank you for your work, Kate Johnson From: BRIAN CHAMBERS < brchambers@comcast.net >

Sent: Sunday, February 07, 2021 11:42 PM

To: Planning < Planning@a2gov.org >; DiLeo, Alexis < ADiLeo@a2gov.org >; Lenart, Brett < BLenart@a2gov.org >

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Brian Chambers, Ph.D. (Ward 3)
UofM '86 Masters of Urban Planning
UofM '91 dual PhD in Urban, Technological and
Environmental Planning and Business Administration

From: Katrina Folsom < <u>katrinajfolsom@gmail.com</u>>

Sent: Monday, February 08, 2021 10:32 PM

To: Planning < <u>Planning@a2gov.org</u>>; CityCouncil < <u>CityCouncil@a2gov.org</u>>

Subject: Transit support district

Hello,

I would like to weigh in with my support for the ordinance on tomorrow's council agenda meeting to create a T1 Transit Support District zone. I am not informed enough about heights, setbacks, etc. to comment knowledgeably on those specific items, but I support the zone in general and for all the identified major corridors.

This shift is long overdue and would significantly yet gradually improve the look and feel of our corridors, accessibility, housing availability, eco-friendliness, and more.

I live in Pittsfield Township because buying a home within Ann Arbor city limits was too expensive, so a) I am pro-housing so that the opportunity to live in town will be available to more people and b) I am well acquainted with the travails of the Washtenaw Ave (in particular) and Packard corridors.

I can SEE the Arborland sign from an upper bedroom of my house, but can I walk over there to do my errands? Not unless I want to cross major roads and then traipse through one parking lot after another, dodging cars, just to visit a few stores. And besides, there's no real appeal to hanging out there, whereas if it were a denser "urban village" of sorts with more people around, locals running into each other and chatting, possibly more local stores and restaurants instead of chains, it would be an actual *destination!* Our current corridors have none of the charm of downtown A2 and make the edges of town feel like Anywhere USA. It could be so much better!

This is just one reason I support the T1 designation. I also support it for the contribution it would make to the city's carbon neutrality goal, active lifestyles, car-free living for anyone who wants or needs it, and so on.

Please don't fall prey to facetious arguments about waiting until the next master planning process (reforming corridors has been part of the existing master planning conversation since 2009) or gathering more community input. Those are simply stall tactics from those who want to preserve the status quo. I view the ordinance as a reasonable, moderate approach and hope you will move forward in a timely manner.

Sincerely, Katrina Folsom 2411 Dayton Dr Ann Arbor From: Sanda Sai <<u>sandamong@gmail.com</u>>
Sent: Monday, February 08, 2021 9:36 PM
To: Planning <<u>Planning@a2gov.org</u>>

Subject: T1 District Feedback from A2 resident

Dear Ann Arbor Planning Commission

I'm Sanda Mong, a longtime Ann Arborite writing to you about the proposed T1 zoning district. I've also lived in Madison WI for a few years and I've been very fond of that city's initiative to make it more bike accessible and housing affordable; I've always wondered "Why can't Ann Arbor be like this?!". I'm glad to see Ann Arbor taking a step towards sustainability in our city and promoting alternative transportation modes.

Overall I think the proposed T1 zoning is a step in the right direction and it's very exciting to hear about potential changes that could make our city more travelable and provide more housing opportunities.

However, I have some reservations about the strict requirements around the narrow residential floor area requirements. From what I've seen, the 50% - 66% of the floor area of total development must be used for household living - this seems like a very narrow requirement for developers which could discourage development projects in new T1 districts. I would expect this requirement to be more flexible, such as a 30% - 70% - or not even have a maximum limit.

In addition, it seems like the T1 zone would only be applied to a few areas. We should apply this zone or another proposed mixed-use zone in all commercial and light industrial zones and allow light industrial uses. This is a way to address housing shortages while also promoting unique, interesting, neighborhoods and businesses which can further enhance the character of Ann Arbor.

Thanks!

Sanda

From: Carolyn Loh < cgloh@wayne.edu> Sent: Monday, February 08, 2021 5:10 PM

To: Planning < Planning@a2gov.org >

Cc: Grand, Julie <JGrand@a2gov.org>; radinaforcouncil@gmail.com

Subject: Transit corridors

Dear Planning Commission members,

I'm writing to lend my support to moving forward quickly with the proposed mixed use corridor districts.

Ann Arbor is a desirable place to live and work. We feel the effects of this desirability through rising housing prices and increasing traffic congestion.

The most effective way to make Ann Arbor a more equitable place to live is to increase the supply of multifamily housing that's accessible through transit and/or non-motorized transportation to retail, jobs, services, and amenities.

Basically, it does not make economic, environmental, or moral sense to allow any more single story, single use commercial buildings to be built in the city, especially not along key transit corridors.

This is an exciting opportunity and I urge the planning commission to move forward on these proposals as soon as possible. I also urge the city council to adopt them as soon as possible.

Best wishes,

Carolyn Loh

Carolyn G. Loh **Associate Professor Urban Studies and Planning** Wayne State University

From: Kirk Westphal <<u>writetokirk@gmail.com</u>>
Sent: Monday, February 08, 2021 2:52 PM
To: Planning <<u>Planning@a2gov.org</u>>

Subject: Public comment on corridor rezoning

Dear Commissioners and Staff:

Please find attached my thoughts about the corridor housing discussion. Thank you for your hard work and consideration of how urgent this issue is toward creating a more equitable and sustainable region.

Kirk



Strip malls vs. apartments

Will we finally stop suburbanization in the city limits and stand up for housing?

By Kirk Westphal, former City Councilmember and Planning Commissioner

Summary

The city must allow more rental housing to be built within its borders as soon as possible. We are preventing that from happening by leaving age-old rules on the books—zoning ordinances that are demonstrably racist, classist, unsafe, bad for the environment, inefficient, and financially self defeating. These ordinances appear benign because they are so common to many cities. And like in many other cities, residents in Ann Arbor have been asking for many of them to change. It is long past time that we reform the worst of them.

One relatively simple and effective step is to stop the waste of land and airspace along our arterial road corridors and make that land available for higher-density, car-light housing mixed with other uses. It's well documented that this suburban-type development is at the root of much of the city's—and indeed the nation's—affordable housing, segregation, environmental, and financial problems.

The City Council has recently tasked our staff and Planning Commission with producing an ordinance that will help several major corridors in town. This is good, but I sense that the community's pervasive fear and "analysis paralysis" threatens to delay and narrow the scope of this process yet again, dragged down by influential residents and out-of-town actors who advocate for no change.

A lot of good work and reasoned critique has already taken place on the "Transit Support District" effort; mine is below. But conceptually I want to emphasize three points first:

- There are many large societal and economic factors we cannot control as a city, however we do have the means to help make the community significantly more inclusive, safe, sustainable, and prosperous. Changing our zoning rules, including how our corridors function, will have a large and lasting impact on our future.
- 2) There is a serious ethical obligation for our appointed and elected officials to honor the community who has been asking for these reforms for so long. (Their wishes are expressed in official planning documents, see the end notes.) It is also worth considering the wishes of people who continue to be excluded from our community precisely because of our zoning rules.
- 3) The body of evidence for how destructive our current practices are is large and growing. We must err on the side of being courageous and timely; the potential harms of changing the rules "too much" are vanishingly small in comparison to the damage done every day due to our inaction.

What areas are we looking to fix?

The places people are referring to when we say "corridors" tend to be areas of mostly single-story strip mall shopping centers and stand-alone stores or restaurants surrounded by parking <u>outside</u> of downtown, such

as on the commercial portions of Washtenaw Ave., South State St., Plymouth Rd., Maple Rd., Stadium Blvd., South Main St., Ann Arbor-Saline Rd., Packard St., Eisenhower Blvd., and Jackson Ave. In normal times, many of these places are served by frequent bus service. Many people say they want to make these areas even more "transit supportive," meaning that enabling people to live in these areas with fewer cars will increase demand for transit even more, enabling more people to live car-light, in a virtuous cycle. (Personally, I think "transit supportive" is a confusing term because: the word "transit" excludes walking, biking, scooters, or rideshare; it begins distracting conversations about the type of transit we might or might not have in the future; and supporting transit is good but not really the main point, housing people near destinations is. Calling it "mixed use" will create complaints about buildings that don't mix uses "enough." How about "housing opportunity district"?)

I should emphasize that what's wasteful about these areas is not the types of businesses we currently see. Many of us value the shopping options we have. Policy changes will not close down business or force existing buildings to change. Rather, new rules would require that new buildings follow a more urban, downtown-like form and result in even more options for conducting daily life closer to where people live.

By virtue of the fact that the strip malls and standalone shops common on these corridors are physically spread out (due to density restrictions) and have very large parking lots (due to parking minimums), they almost exclusively serve automobile owners. It is difficult to access these areas on foot or by transit given the large distances from residences and bus stops. (I know some of us shop via non-car means, but the vast majority do not.) Their layout causes injuries to drivers and non-drivers because they generate traffic and turning movements, they harm air and water quality significantly more than other land uses, and they directly and indirectly are discriminatory against the poor and handicapped.

Stated simply, people should have the opportunity to live above these businesses, especially those who do not want or cannot afford access to a personal automobile.

Why we need to interrupt what's going on

Right now, because of our regulations, there is little opportunity or motivation for property owners to incorporate housing in their properties in these areas—instead, we continue to see a continuous flow of projects that invest in the status quo. These areas remain locked in a self-perpetuating suburban development cycle; there's little difference between Ann Arbor and the surrounding townships when driving along these corridors.

Even when the zoning offers opportunities for more dense use, current property owners often prefer not to take advantage of them. They may not have the knowledge or financing to do a mixed-use project, so they continue to opt to pursue development types that do not support the vision of the community. For the most part, we see strip malls being renovated and expanded, rather than transformed.

As each of these investments happen, new leases begin, which in turn reinforce the current undesirable form, and delay the fulfillment of the community's vision for housing, walkability, safety, sustainability, and vibrancy—for decades at a time. This is unconscionable at a time when 80,000 people commute into town on a normal workday, a significant portion of whom would prefer to live closer to work and school. These are critical members of our community—teachers, health care professionals, restaurant workers, government employees, maintenance and tradespeople, students, among many others—who suffer invisibly from our self-created affordable housing crisis.

This is why these housing-exclusionary practices must be stopped legislatively via rezoning and not given an option to expand. Our ordinances must change, broadly and guickly.

What's happening now?

Thankfully, back in November, the City Council voted 10-1 to take definitive action. They directed the Planning Commission to draft ordinances to address common problems on our city's corridors. Their resolution asks for a "transit--supported zoning district to increase housing density and options along major corridors" that examines the following: increasing allowable density, decreasing or eliminating parking requirements, requiring mixed uses, and reinforcing buffers near pre-existing residential areas. (City Council rejected a competing resolution that asked them to narrow their focus to the South State Street area only.)

The "additional public engagement" focusing on people "typically underrepresented in the planning process" that is also requested in Council's resolution sounds like a good idea too. However, as with many feedback

processes, it often devolves into fueling unfounded fears about traffic, parking, and crime among people who already live here. If 12 years of comprehensive planning and outreach is still deemed insufficient, perhaps reaching out to commuters living in Pittsfield and Ypsilanti Townships would lend additional clarity to the needs of the daytime members of our community.

What specifically is being proposed?

Staff and the planning commission have already made an excellent start to this process and drafted an ordinance, currently named "T1 Transit Support District." If a corridor were rezoned to this category, it would effectively stop new strip malls from being built and mandate a more urban street feel, where new buildings would be built up at the street with apartments above and parking behind. (There are very few current examples of this outside of downtown; the Panera at Plymouth and Murfin comes close, or imagine the Sweetwaters building at Plymouth and Green if it were up at the corner.) It would slowly create walkable neighborhoods as more property owners take advantage of building housing for people who need it. A term that my fellow planning commissioners and I came up with in 2009 was "urban villages."

The rules are <u>neatly summarized</u> and critiqued by former Planning Commissioner Scott Trudeau. I agree with much of his analysis.

My recommendations

Geographic area

Rezone all C, O, ORL, RE, and R5 properties that are on or within ¼ mile of every major corridor to a new mixed-use, housing supportive district. This includes Washtenaw Ave., South State St., Plymouth Rd., Maple Rd., Stadium Blvd., South Main St., Ann Arbor-Saline Rd., Packard St., Eisenhower Blvd., and Jackson Ave.

<u>Height</u>

I largely agree with staff's recommendations. Those who have been following this debate might have heard that because the proposed ordinance doesn't recommend a height cap for a small number of areas (i.e., areas greater than 300 feet from existing residentially-zoned neighborhoods, like parts of Arborland, the corner of State and Eisenhower, etc.), it has already become fuel for anti-growth forces to scare the public about the "Manhattanization" of Ann Arbor. Personally, I appreciate variety in building heights as long as it's not a burden on unsuspecting neighbors; as currently drafted, the ordinance doesn't afford many ways for a tall building to cast a shadow (even in the winter) on a pre-existing house or apartment.

The rest of the heights are proposed to be limited to 80 feet, but it would be difficult to build that tall in many areas because of the setback rules: the ordinance proposes that for every foot in building height above 30 feet, the setback away from existing residential would have to increase by a foot (on top of the 30 feet setback already required). This creates a situation where buildings are limited in height according to the surrounding context and are pushed back from the neighbors. I think this makes the draft ordinance appropriately self-adjusting, for everything from State and Eisenhower to more intimate-feeling corridors like the northern part of Packard St. I think what would be an incredibly useful exercise in the next few months is to look at parcel maps to identify any potential problems, like the potential for slightly overscaled buildings in more tight-knit residential areas or setbacks that are "reset" because there's a small public street behind the property, and adjust accordingly.

Use

The proposed district standards reasonably reflect the need for residential development more than any other. I agree with staff's recommendation to mandate 50% residential uses on every parcel. However, I think some more flexibility should be provided around the current proposed cap of 66% residential in order to allow some 100% residential buildings (and therefore no first floor transparency) that are far from important nodes (see below).

Likewise, I think it's also appropriate to mandate commercial use on the first floor, but again I would argue that this should apply only within a certain radius of major intersections where concentrated walkable commercial activity has the best opportunity for success. I recommend eliminating the residential "cap" to allow purely residential uses on corridors that are further (say, 400 feet or more?) from high-traffic corners/nodes, e.g., if rowhouses or a brownstone neighborhood is desired. I think this should align with an elimination of the transparency requirement for the same distance from a node.

I strongly believe one use criteria should be more stringent. We should take a lesson from downtown and prohibit inactive uses (banks and offices) from occupying more than 20% of the street frontage within a short radius (150 feet?) of a major corner, and prohibit them completely on corners. (This ordinance language exists already due to a previous attempt to implement an active use requirement for shopping districts in the downtown.) It would be a shame if the first example of the new district resulted in a ground floor bank on an important corner.

Parking

I largely agree with staff's recommendations: no minimums, and maximums at the current minimums for retail and 0.5 cars/unit for residential. I believe parking minimums have no place anywhere; the data is clear that minimums add to traffic and rents. With regard to the maximums, the suggested residential maximum may strike some developers as impractical, but they will be able to take advantage of space-sharing synergy between residential and commercial uses. (As always, if developers feel they can make a compelling case for why more parking is needed, they should take that case to the ZBA.)

There are obviously many successful downtown mixed-use projects with far lower parking ratios, and there are thousands of people living without cars altogether in the city. I believe that until a developer builds a successful, lightly-parked project outside the downtown, there will be no comparables that banks can use to evaluate future projects and no incentive for other developers to invest. I'm optimistic about their potential and believe this is worth implementing; it can always be reevaluated and adjusted if necessary should the parking maximums prove too prohibitive for most developers and we find that too many variance requests are being made.

Setbacks

I appreciate the proposal's emphasis on a more urban build-to form. I am concerned, however, about creating another situation like the Foundry Lofts, where the lack of setback from fast car travel lanes either precludes outdoor dining or forces an undesirable colonnade format.

I am not well versed in how much the current ROW widths vary outside the curb on each corridor. For example, if we want to allow a wide sidewalk, additional space for sidewalk dining, and a comfortable buffer from 5-lane corridors with fast-moving cars and no parallel parking, perhaps we want to prevent building facades from being closer than, say, 18 feet from an active traffic lane. What I do not know is if it is legal or advisable to tie the setback to a minimum distance from the nearest full-time active car travel lane (say a minimum 20' from the fog line) or the speed limit on the adjoining road. (Obviously speed limits and lanes may change as roads get reconfigured in the future.) If not, perhaps consider an A/B situation where we have a minimum setback that adjusts according to the width of the ROW (and therefore the likely speed of cars and lack of parallel parking). For example, for ROWs less than 70', stick with the currently proposed 10' maximum, but where the ROW is greater than 70 feet, the setback is a minimum 10' and maximum 18'. It would be informative to take some measurements along Stadium Blvd and compare them to Packard St, for example.

Open space

I do not understand the goal of this requirement. I think providing some flexibility in the front setback as noted above could allow for some interesting usable open space in the public-facing facade.

Time-wasting traps ahead

There are several ways this effort can get derailed once again. Some have expressed hesitation about being too "ambitious" and presenting an ordinance that would apply to too many areas of the city, cautioning against a "one size fits all" approach and inferring that a T1 district would need to be accompanied by "T2" or" T3" districts. I disagree for two reasons:

- The community vision for our corridors is similar across the city: less (and less visible) parking, multi-story buildings that address the street with active doors and minimal setbacks, no more one-story buildings, more residential uses, and buildings that don't cast shadows on the neighbors.
- 2) An ordinance can be written so that it self-adjusts according to factors such as distance from existing residential (which the current draft does). Other variables—like the width of the right of way, speed limit, distance to active traffic lanes, or distance from major intersections—could also potentially help fine-tune an ordinance to its context without needless complexity.

Starting a new process to contemplate multiple new categories of zoning will generate endless debate about which corridor gets what designation. A simple, self-adjusting zoning district that applies to all commercially zoned land along all of our corridors can be implemented city wide.

Other mechanisms like optional zoning districts or optional overlays that developers can "apply for" will not stop undesirable buildings from being constructed and should be avoided.

Lastly, some residents have suggested that any rezonings should wait for a "new" master planning process. I think this is an unforgivable insult to the residents, citizen commissions, and staff that have participated in planning discussions since 2009 when the city began adopting plans asking for corridor reform. (See list below for citations from existing city plans.) I typically take issue with neighbors who say that the city "doesn't listen" to them; however if this effort is stalled or piecemealed yet again, I will have nothing to say to them.



I made this a couple of years ago to highlight our aversion to making decisions.

What to do

Like in most governments, no positive things happen quickly or in a vacuum in Ann Arbor. There are very well-funded and highly-motivated forces within the city who are dedicated to slowing change or thwarting certain elected representatives. The bottom line is this: the pro-housing community has to step up and support our elected and appointed officials' obligations to change some of our most egregious policies. It starts in earnest at Tuesday's 7pm City Planning Commission meeting (participation information is here: https://a2gov.zoom.us/j/99539794201?pwd=enovTE9XOTdhZXFGUm12RU50WmRQUT09 Passcode: 361611 or call 206-337-9723 or 213-338-8477 or Toll Free 877-853-5247 or 888-788-0099 Enter Meeting ID: 995 3979 4201) Just as beneficial is emailing the Planning Commission at planning@a2gov.org and the City Council at citycouncil@a2gov.org or calling your representatives (contact information is here: https://www.a2gov.org/departments/city-council/Pages/Home.aspx).

Notes: Adopted city plans referring to corridors

Since at least 2009, Ann Arborites have been documenting their displeasure with our commercial corridors. These feelings are contained in planning documents that were created by the community and adopted by different iterations of City Council over the years. Many plans are a result of literally thousands of hours of volunteer participation, staff work, and political wrangling, so it is truly saying something when an issue gets highlighted multiple times in multiple plans over such a long period of time. We do not need more feedback. Here are some highlights from adopted plans:

"Office or residential uses should be provided above the store fronts to increase the variety of housing opportunities, encourage pedestrian access to the retail use, improve the viability of the retail businesses and encourage a village center. Single story retail buildings are not appropriate for neighborhood commercial centers...The design should emphasize a village center instead of a strip commercial mall... Auto related uses such as gas stations, auto repair shops and car washes should be prohibited and businesses with drive-throughs should be discouraged... Mixing office, retail and residential uses on the same site can encourage pedestrian activity, reduce vehicular trips, reduce imperviousness by sharing parking spaces, encourage a wider variety of housing options, provide services closer to places of work and neighborhoods and use land and infrastructure more efficiently... Evaluate the feasibility of reducing parking requirements or establishing maximum parking limits... Encourage residential densities that can sustain bus transit..." (Master Plan Land Use Element, 2009)

"Support increased density and mixed land uses in signature transit corridors... Create transit-oriented development overlay districts for signature corridors, to incorporate tools such as density bonuses, design guidelines and building form regulations to guide redevelopment." (Transportation Master Plan Update, 2009)

"Facilitate increased residential density, improved walkability and improved transit service..." (Reimagine Washtenaw, 2014)

"Action includes eliminating all parking minimums and setting low parking maximums through the Plan review process... The Plan recommends investing in land use strategies that allow for denser and mixed use neighborhoods..." (A2Zero Carbon Neutrality Plan, 2020)

"Use zoning to restrict additional development of auto-oriented design such as gas stations, office buildings, or large shopping centers with large amounts of parking in the front. Instead, zoning should encourage more compact development, with buildings closer to the street to increase traveler choices by making it more convenient for walkers, bicyclists, and transit riders... Promote residential and employment densities that support transit for development and redevelopment. This could mean minimum heights rather than maximum heights, and mixed use rather than single-use developments (example, a multistory building with commercial on the first floor and offices or residential above instead of single-story commercial)."

(Non-Motorized Transportation Plan Update, 2013)

"Encourage coordinated zoning and redevelopment at transit-supportive densities... Zoning and policies in Ann Arbor can be and are already being modified to allow for transit-supportive density, redevelopment, and infill development that help create a more vibrant city. Continuing to promote infill development, mixed housing types, multiple story buildings, and mixed-use transit nodes will maximize the City's investments in utility and transportation infrastructure, potentially help reduce travel-related GHG emissions, and create active and vital neighborhoods..." (Climate Action Plan, 2013)

From: Nishant Kheterpal < nishantkheterpal@gmail.com >

Sent: Wednesday, February 03, 2021 5:44 PM

To: Planning < Planning@a2gov.org >

Subject: Comments on Proposed Zoning District for Transit Corridors

To Whom it may concern,

I am writing in as an Ann Arbor resident, native, and University of Michigan graduate student.

I support the creation of a transit-supportive district. However, there should be **no mixed use requirement.** This prevents the construction of housing-only units that are required for walkable neighborhoods. There should be **no height minimum, but also no height maximum.** The transparency requirement should be lowered to 40%. I support access for nonmotorized transportation. I support parking maximums of 0.5 spaces per dwelling unit.

Thanks, Nishant Kheterpal 48105 From: Julie Ritter < ritter.julie@gmail.com Sent: Tuesday, February 09, 2021 10:59 AM

To: Planning < Planning@a2gov.org>; DiLeo, Alexis < ADiLeo@a2gov.org>; Lenart, Brett < BLenart@a2gov.org>;

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Crawford, Tom <<u>TCrawford@a2gov.org</u>> **Subject:** T1 Zoning Being Proposed

Dear Administrators and Representatives:

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I understand the unusual bind the City is in at this time. The pandemic, the recession, the creeping scope of University ownership of properties, all contribute to this bind. The shortage of housing units nationwide, the ever increasing costs of these units for a variety of reasons, climate migration, retiring baby boomers, short term rentals, the pressure of foreign and corporate investors, and more, all are moving pieces of this puzzle. The recent tax millage for affordable housing is a helpful step.

Condemning the City to wall-to-wall high rises is not a helpful step.

Constructive Suggestions:

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- Re-Implement previous neighborhood zoning in existing neighborhoods to allow the return of small businesses and services in the 20 minute neighborhood model.

And perhaps most importantly

Start insisting on sustainability aspects:

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- carbon embedded in existing and future developments
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- retrofitting existing homes and structures with insulation, weather stripping, etc
- continue to promote single family home solar panels and find a way to work with DTE to make them convenient and affordable, or else crowd source through the City.

There are many more excellent, actionable suggestions lying undiscovered in the minds and hearts	of
the current citizens of Ann Arbor. Some of them could be game changers.	

Stay safe.			
Respectfully,			
Julie Ritter			

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	385525					yes	yes	yes		
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Jersey City	270753		21.08	13318	yes	yes	yes	yes	ferry	yes
Kansas City	488943	2340000	319	7952	no	yes	yes	yes	no	yes
Kenosha		in Chicago Statistical Area	27.03	In Chicago Statistical Area	yes	yes	yes	Limited	streetcars	yes, very new in last couple of years seeking money
Little Rock	198606	738344	122.02	4090.34	streetcars	ves	yes	yes	no	for study
Los Angeles	4000000		503	4850		ves	yes	yes	ves	started 2017
Madison	255214		100.9	.300	no: suggested	yes	being planned	yes	no	Planning study in process
Memphis	652236		324	3013	trolley	yes	planned	yes	nite shuttle bus	Being studied

										Studied not
Milwaukee	595351	1,500,000	96.82	1460	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	implemented yet
										Identified not yet
Minneapolis	422321	3629190	57.49	6364	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	implemented
										Studied but
										rejected by
Nashville	691243	1930961	526	7484	train	yes	Studied	yes	no	voters
New Orleans										
Newark										
Norfolk										
Oceanside/Escondido										
Oklahoma City										
Philadelphia										
Phoenix										
Pittsburgh										
Portlan OR										
Sacramento										
Salt Lake City										
San Diego										
San Francisco										
Seattle										
St Louis										
Tacoma										
Tampa										
Tucson		-								
Washington DC	•									

From: Katrina Folsom < <u>katrinajfolsom@gmail.com</u>>

Sent: Monday, February 08, 2021 10:32 PM

To: Planning < <u>Planning@a2gov.org</u>>; CityCouncil < <u>CityCouncil@a2gov.org</u>>

Subject: Transit support district

Hello,

I would like to weigh in with my support for the ordinance on tomorrow's council agenda meeting to create a T1 Transit Support District zone. I am not informed enough about heights, setbacks, etc. to comment knowledgeably on those specific items, but I support the zone in general and for all the identified major corridors.

This shift is long overdue and would significantly yet gradually improve the look and feel of our corridors, accessibility, housing availability, eco-friendliness, and more.

I live in Pittsfield Township because buying a home within Ann Arbor city limits was too expensive, so a) I am pro-housing so that the opportunity to live in town will be available to more people and b) I am well acquainted with the travails of the Washtenaw Ave (in particular) and Packard corridors.

I can SEE the Arborland sign from an upper bedroom of my house, but can I walk over there to do my errands? Not unless I want to cross major roads and then traipse through one parking lot after another, dodging cars, just to visit a few stores. And besides, there's no real appeal to hanging out there, whereas if it were a denser "urban village" of sorts with more people around, locals running into each other and chatting, possibly more local stores and restaurants instead of chains, it would be an actual *destination!* Our current corridors have none of the charm of downtown A2 and make the edges of town feel like Anywhere USA. It could be so much better!

This is just one reason I support the T1 designation. I also support it for the contribution it would make to the city's carbon neutrality goal, active lifestyles, car-free living for anyone who wants or needs it, and so on.

Please don't fall prey to facetious arguments about waiting until the next master planning process (reforming corridors has been part of the existing master planning conversation since 2009) or gathering more community input. Those are simply stall tactics from those who want to preserve the status quo. I view the ordinance as a reasonable, moderate approach and hope you will move forward in a timely manner.

Sincerely, Katrina Folsom 2411 Dayton Dr Ann Arbor From: Kate Johnson < katejohnson0@gmail.com>
Sent: Saturday, February 06, 2021 10:07 AM

To: Planning < Planning@a2gov.org >

Subject: T1 district feedback

Hello-

My name is Kate Johnson. I was born and raised in Ann Arbor, and I now work as a registered nurse at Mott Children's Hospital. I work with many people that would like to live in Ann Arbor, but can't afford to do so. I would love it if housing was more affordable for these people, and I think a big part of that is increasing the supply of housing. I also would love to have more mixed-use areas in the city, simply because those are always the most enjoyable and practical areas to spend time.

I appreciate what the commission is trying to do with the T1 district, but I feel that only allowing a few areas in the city to be mixed-use is short-sighted. I think that the commission should consider rezoning all of the commercial and light industrial districts to allow for more mixed-use development. In addition, it seems that it would make sense for the T1 district to allow for light industrial uses, as long as they don't pose a health risk to people living in the area.

I think beautiful things can happen in a city when more freedom is given to its people. I hope the commission considers making the above adjustments to the T1 district proposal to allow for more flexibility throughout Ann Arbor.

Thank you for your work, Kate Johnson From: Nishant Kheterpal < nishantkheterpal@gmail.com >

Sent: Wednesday, February 03, 2021 5:44 PM

To: Planning < Planning@a2gov.org >

Subject: Comments on Proposed Zoning District for Transit Corridors

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I am writing in as an Ann Arbor resident, native, and University of Michigan graduate student.

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Thanks, Nishant Kheterpal 48105 From: Carolyn Loh < cgloh@wayne.edu> Sent: Monday, February 08, 2021 5:10 PM

To: Planning < Planning@a2gov.org >

Cc: Grand, Julie <JGrand@a2gov.org>; radinaforcouncil@gmail.com

Subject: Transit corridors

Dear Planning Commission members,

I'm writing to lend my support to moving forward quickly with the proposed mixed use corridor districts.

Ann Arbor is a desirable place to live and work. We feel the effects of this desirability through rising housing prices and increasing traffic congestion.

The most effective way to make Ann Arbor a more equitable place to live is to increase the supply of multifamily housing that's accessible through transit and/or non-motorized transportation to retail, jobs, services, and amenities.

Basically, it does not make economic, environmental, or moral sense to allow any more single story, single use commercial buildings to be built in the city, especially not along key transit corridors.

This is an exciting opportunity and I urge the planning commission to move forward on these proposals as soon as possible. I also urge the city council to adopt them as soon as possible.

Best wishes,

Carolyn Loh

Carolyn G. Loh **Associate Professor Urban Studies and Planning** Wayne State University

From: Andre Pegeron andre.pegeron@gmail.com>

Sent: Friday, February 05, 2021 3:47 PM **To:** Planning < <u>Planning@a2gov.org</u>>

Subject: T1 District Feedback

Hi Planning Commission,

My name is Andre Pegeron. I was born and raised in Ann Arbor. Currently I attend graduate school in California but one day hope to move back to my hometown. My parents, sister, and many of my closest friends still live there.

Mixed-use, dense zoning is critical to the growth and future of Ann Arbor. The best places I have ever lived (liveliest, happiest, best sense of community) have been walkable neighborhoods with a variety of housing options and nearby stores and restaurants. Unfortunately, not everyone can afford to live in downtown or Kerrytown, and many people don't want to live amid all of the students. Giving more of Ann Arbor this "bustling neighborhood" character would be a boon. As a side benefit, it is also environmentally responsible.

I am in favor of the T1 zoning proposal in general, but I have some specific requests to make sure it is as effective as possible.

First, don't limit its application too much. Instead of picking a single area and waiting a few years to see how it goes, we need to broadly apply it to as many relevant zones as possible. Any area that is not zoned for strict residential or heavy industry should be able to be "mixed use."

Next, don't limit what can be built too much. We want to make sure that the new zone encourages rather than limits development. For instance, I (and I assume many others) have no issue with light industrial uses that don't negatively impact the surrounding area. I have no issues with some buildings falling outside of the 50%-66% residential range, or some buildings being single-story.

Thanks for reading my feedback and I look forward to the continued improvement of Ann Arbor -Andre

From: Julie Ritter < ritter.julie@gmail.com Sent: Tuesday, February 09, 2021 10:59 AM

To: Planning < Planning@a2gov.org>; DiLeo, Alexis < ADiLeo@a2gov.org>; Lenart, Brett < BLenart@a2gov.org>;

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Houston	2430000		669	1660	yes	yes	being built	yes	no	being studied
Jersey City	270753		21.08	13318	yes	yes	yes	yes	ferry	yes
Kansas City	488943	2340000	319	7952	no	yes	yes	yes	no	yes
Kenosha		in Chicago Statistical Area	27.03	In Chicago Statistical Area	yes	yes	yes	Limited	streetcars	yes, very new in last couple of years seeking money
Little Rock	198606	738344	122.02	4090.34	streetcars	ves	yes	yes	no	for study
Los Angeles	4000000		503	4850		ves	yes	yes	ves	started 2017
Madison	255214		100.9	.300	no: suggested	yes	being planned	yes	no	Planning study in process
Memphis	652236		324	3013	trolley	yes	planned	yes	nite shuttle bus	Being studied

										Studied not
Milwaukee	595351	1,500,000	96.82	1460	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	implemented yet
										Identified not yet
Minneapolis	422321	3629190	57.49	6364	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	implemented
										Studied but
										rejected by
Nashville	691243	1930961	526	7484	train	yes	Studied	yes	no	voters
New Orleans										
Newark										
Norfolk										
Oceanside/Escondido										
Oklahoma City										
Philadelphia										
Phoenix										
Pittsburgh										
Portlan OR										
Sacramento										
Salt Lake City										
San Diego										
San Francisco										
Seattle										
St Louis										
Tacoma										
Tampa										
Tucson		-								
Washington DC										

From: Sanda Sai <<u>sandamong@gmail.com</u>>
Sent: Monday, February 08, 2021 9:36 PM
To: Planning <<u>Planning@a2gov.org</u>>

Subject: T1 District Feedback from A2 resident

Dear Ann Arbor Planning Commission

I'm Sanda Mong, a longtime Ann Arborite writing to you about the proposed T1 zoning district. I've also lived in Madison WI for a few years and I've been very fond of that city's initiative to make it more bike accessible and housing affordable; I've always wondered "Why can't Ann Arbor be like this?!". I'm glad to see Ann Arbor taking a step towards sustainability in our city and promoting alternative transportation modes.

Overall I think the proposed T1 zoning is a step in the right direction and it's very exciting to hear about potential changes that could make our city more travelable and provide more housing opportunities.

However, I have some reservations about the strict requirements around the narrow residential floor area requirements. From what I've seen, the 50% - 66% of the floor area of total development must be used for household living - this seems like a very narrow requirement for developers which could discourage development projects in new T1 districts. I would expect this requirement to be more flexible, such as a 30% - 70% - or not even have a maximum limit.

In addition, it seems like the T1 zone would only be applied to a few areas. We should apply this zone or another proposed mixed-use zone in all commercial and light industrial zones and allow light industrial uses. This is a way to address housing shortages while also promoting unique, interesting, neighborhoods and businesses which can further enhance the character of Ann Arbor.

Thanks!

Sanda

From: Kirk Westphal <<u>writetokirk@gmail.com</u>>
Sent: Monday, February 08, 2021 2:52 PM
To: Planning <<u>Planning@a2gov.org</u>>

Subject: Public comment on corridor rezoning

Dear Commissioners and Staff:

Please find attached my thoughts about the corridor housing discussion. Thank you for your hard work and consideration of how urgent this issue is toward creating a more equitable and sustainable region.

Kirk



Strip malls vs. apartments

Will we finally stop suburbanization in the city limits and stand up for housing?

By Kirk Westphal, former City Councilmember and Planning Commissioner

Summary

The city must allow more rental housing to be built within its borders as soon as possible. We are preventing that from happening by leaving age-old rules on the books—zoning ordinances that are demonstrably racist, classist, unsafe, bad for the environment, inefficient, and financially self defeating. These ordinances appear benign because they are so common to many cities. And like in many other cities, residents in Ann Arbor have been asking for many of them to change. It is long past time that we reform the worst of them.

One relatively simple and effective step is to stop the waste of land and airspace along our arterial road corridors and make that land available for higher-density, car-light housing mixed with other uses. It's well documented that this suburban-type development is at the root of much of the city's—and indeed the nation's—affordable housing, segregation, environmental, and financial problems.

The City Council has recently tasked our staff and Planning Commission with producing an ordinance that will help several major corridors in town. This is good, but I sense that the community's pervasive fear and "analysis paralysis" threatens to delay and narrow the scope of this process yet again, dragged down by influential residents and out-of-town actors who advocate for no change.

A lot of good work and reasoned critique has already taken place on the "Transit Support District" effort; mine is below. But conceptually I want to emphasize three points first:

- There are many large societal and economic factors we cannot control as a city, however we do have the means to help make the community significantly more inclusive, safe, sustainable, and prosperous. Changing our zoning rules, including how our corridors function, will have a large and lasting impact on our future.
- 2) There is a serious ethical obligation for our appointed and elected officials to honor the community who has been asking for these reforms for so long. (Their wishes are expressed in official planning documents, see the end notes.) It is also worth considering the wishes of people who continue to be excluded from our community precisely because of our zoning rules.
- 3) The body of evidence for how destructive our current practices are is large and growing. We must err on the side of being courageous and timely; the potential harms of changing the rules "too much" are vanishingly small in comparison to the damage done every day due to our inaction.

What areas are we looking to fix?

The places people are referring to when we say "corridors" tend to be areas of mostly single-story strip mall shopping centers and stand-alone stores or restaurants surrounded by parking <u>outside</u> of downtown, such

as on the commercial portions of Washtenaw Ave., South State St., Plymouth Rd., Maple Rd., Stadium Blvd., South Main St., Ann Arbor-Saline Rd., Packard St., Eisenhower Blvd., and Jackson Ave. In normal times, many of these places are served by frequent bus service. Many people say they want to make these areas even more "transit supportive," meaning that enabling people to live in these areas with fewer cars will increase demand for transit even more, enabling more people to live car-light, in a virtuous cycle. (Personally, I think "transit supportive" is a confusing term because: the word "transit" excludes walking, biking, scooters, or rideshare; it begins distracting conversations about the type of transit we might or might not have in the future; and supporting transit is good but not really the main point, housing people near destinations is. Calling it "mixed use" will create complaints about buildings that don't mix uses "enough." How about "housing opportunity district"?)

I should emphasize that what's wasteful about these areas is not the types of businesses we currently see. Many of us value the shopping options we have. Policy changes will not close down business or force existing buildings to change. Rather, new rules would require that new buildings follow a more urban, downtown-like form and result in even more options for conducting daily life closer to where people live.

By virtue of the fact that the strip malls and standalone shops common on these corridors are physically spread out (due to density restrictions) and have very large parking lots (due to parking minimums), they almost exclusively serve automobile owners. It is difficult to access these areas on foot or by transit given the large distances from residences and bus stops. (I know some of us shop via non-car means, but the vast majority do not.) Their layout causes injuries to drivers and non-drivers because they generate traffic and turning movements, they harm air and water quality significantly more than other land uses, and they directly and indirectly are discriminatory against the poor and handicapped.

Stated simply, people should have the opportunity to live above these businesses, especially those who do not want or cannot afford access to a personal automobile.

Why we need to interrupt what's going on

Right now, because of our regulations, there is little opportunity or motivation for property owners to incorporate housing in their properties in these areas—instead, we continue to see a continuous flow of projects that invest in the status quo. These areas remain locked in a self-perpetuating suburban development cycle; there's little difference between Ann Arbor and the surrounding townships when driving along these corridors.

Even when the zoning offers opportunities for more dense use, current property owners often prefer not to take advantage of them. They may not have the knowledge or financing to do a mixed-use project, so they continue to opt to pursue development types that do not support the vision of the community. For the most part, we see strip malls being renovated and expanded, rather than transformed.

As each of these investments happen, new leases begin, which in turn reinforce the current undesirable form, and delay the fulfillment of the community's vision for housing, walkability, safety, sustainability, and vibrancy—for decades at a time. This is unconscionable at a time when 80,000 people commute into town on a normal workday, a significant portion of whom would prefer to live closer to work and school. These are critical members of our community—teachers, health care professionals, restaurant workers, government employees, maintenance and tradespeople, students, among many others—who suffer invisibly from our self-created affordable housing crisis.

This is why these housing-exclusionary practices must be stopped legislatively via rezoning and not given an option to expand. Our ordinances must change, broadly and guickly.

What's happening now?

Thankfully, back in November, the City Council voted 10-1 to take definitive action. They directed the Planning Commission to draft ordinances to address common problems on our city's corridors. Their resolution asks for a "transit--supported zoning district to increase housing density and options along major corridors" that examines the following: increasing allowable density, decreasing or eliminating parking requirements, requiring mixed uses, and reinforcing buffers near pre-existing residential areas. (City Council rejected a competing resolution that asked them to narrow their focus to the South State Street area only.)

The "additional public engagement" focusing on people "typically underrepresented in the planning process" that is also requested in Council's resolution sounds like a good idea too. However, as with many feedback

processes, it often devolves into fueling unfounded fears about traffic, parking, and crime among people who already live here. If 12 years of comprehensive planning and outreach is still deemed insufficient, perhaps reaching out to commuters living in Pittsfield and Ypsilanti Townships would lend additional clarity to the needs of the daytime members of our community.

What specifically is being proposed?

Staff and the planning commission have already made an excellent start to this process and drafted an ordinance, currently named "T1 Transit Support District." If a corridor were rezoned to this category, it would effectively stop new strip malls from being built and mandate a more urban street feel, where new buildings would be built up at the street with apartments above and parking behind. (There are very few current examples of this outside of downtown; the Panera at Plymouth and Murfin comes close, or imagine the Sweetwaters building at Plymouth and Green if it were up at the corner.) It would slowly create walkable neighborhoods as more property owners take advantage of building housing for people who need it. A term that my fellow planning commissioners and I came up with in 2009 was "urban villages."

The rules are <u>neatly summarized</u> and critiqued by former Planning Commissioner Scott Trudeau. I agree with much of his analysis.

My recommendations

Geographic area

Rezone all C, O, ORL, RE, and R5 properties that are on or within ¼ mile of every major corridor to a new mixed-use, housing supportive district. This includes Washtenaw Ave., South State St., Plymouth Rd., Maple Rd., Stadium Blvd., South Main St., Ann Arbor-Saline Rd., Packard St., Eisenhower Blvd., and Jackson Ave.

<u>Height</u>

I largely agree with staff's recommendations. Those who have been following this debate might have heard that because the proposed ordinance doesn't recommend a height cap for a small number of areas (i.e., areas greater than 300 feet from existing residentially-zoned neighborhoods, like parts of Arborland, the corner of State and Eisenhower, etc.), it has already become fuel for anti-growth forces to scare the public about the "Manhattanization" of Ann Arbor. Personally, I appreciate variety in building heights as long as it's not a burden on unsuspecting neighbors; as currently drafted, the ordinance doesn't afford many ways for a tall building to cast a shadow (even in the winter) on a pre-existing house or apartment.

The rest of the heights are proposed to be limited to 80 feet, but it would be difficult to build that tall in many areas because of the setback rules: the ordinance proposes that for every foot in building height above 30 feet, the setback away from existing residential would have to increase by a foot (on top of the 30 feet setback already required). This creates a situation where buildings are limited in height according to the surrounding context and are pushed back from the neighbors. I think this makes the draft ordinance appropriately self-adjusting, for everything from State and Eisenhower to more intimate-feeling corridors like the northern part of Packard St. I think what would be an incredibly useful exercise in the next few months is to look at parcel maps to identify any potential problems, like the potential for slightly overscaled buildings in more tight-knit residential areas or setbacks that are "reset" because there's a small public street behind the property, and adjust accordingly.

Use

The proposed district standards reasonably reflect the need for residential development more than any other. I agree with staff's recommendation to mandate 50% residential uses on every parcel. However, I think some more flexibility should be provided around the current proposed cap of 66% residential in order to allow some 100% residential buildings (and therefore no first floor transparency) that are far from important nodes (see below).

Likewise, I think it's also appropriate to mandate commercial use on the first floor, but again I would argue that this should apply only within a certain radius of major intersections where concentrated walkable commercial activity has the best opportunity for success. I recommend eliminating the residential "cap" to allow purely residential uses on corridors that are further (say, 400 feet or more?) from high-traffic corners/nodes, e.g., if rowhouses or a brownstone neighborhood is desired. I think this should align with an elimination of the transparency requirement for the same distance from a node.

I strongly believe one use criteria should be more stringent. We should take a lesson from downtown and prohibit inactive uses (banks and offices) from occupying more than 20% of the street frontage within a short radius (150 feet?) of a major corner, and prohibit them completely on corners. (This ordinance language exists already due to a previous attempt to implement an active use requirement for shopping districts in the downtown.) It would be a shame if the first example of the new district resulted in a ground floor bank on an important corner.

Parking

I largely agree with staff's recommendations: no minimums, and maximums at the current minimums for retail and 0.5 cars/unit for residential. I believe parking minimums have no place anywhere; the data is clear that minimums add to traffic and rents. With regard to the maximums, the suggested residential maximum may strike some developers as impractical, but they will be able to take advantage of space-sharing synergy between residential and commercial uses. (As always, if developers feel they can make a compelling case for why more parking is needed, they should take that case to the ZBA.)

There are obviously many successful downtown mixed-use projects with far lower parking ratios, and there are thousands of people living without cars altogether in the city. I believe that until a developer builds a successful, lightly-parked project outside the downtown, there will be no comparables that banks can use to evaluate future projects and no incentive for other developers to invest. I'm optimistic about their potential and believe this is worth implementing; it can always be reevaluated and adjusted if necessary should the parking maximums prove too prohibitive for most developers and we find that too many variance requests are being made.

Setbacks

I appreciate the proposal's emphasis on a more urban build-to form. I am concerned, however, about creating another situation like the Foundry Lofts, where the lack of setback from fast car travel lanes either precludes outdoor dining or forces an undesirable colonnade format.

I am not well versed in how much the current ROW widths vary outside the curb on each corridor. For example, if we want to allow a wide sidewalk, additional space for sidewalk dining, and a comfortable buffer from 5-lane corridors with fast-moving cars and no parallel parking, perhaps we want to prevent building facades from being closer than, say, 18 feet from an active traffic lane. What I do not know is if it is legal or advisable to tie the setback to a minimum distance from the nearest full-time active car travel lane (say a minimum 20' from the fog line) or the speed limit on the adjoining road. (Obviously speed limits and lanes may change as roads get reconfigured in the future.) If not, perhaps consider an A/B situation where we have a minimum setback that adjusts according to the width of the ROW (and therefore the likely speed of cars and lack of parallel parking). For example, for ROWs less than 70', stick with the currently proposed 10' maximum, but where the ROW is greater than 70 feet, the setback is a minimum 10' and maximum 18'. It would be informative to take some measurements along Stadium Blvd and compare them to Packard St, for example.

Open space

I do not understand the goal of this requirement. I think providing some flexibility in the front setback as noted above could allow for some interesting usable open space in the public-facing facade.

Time-wasting traps ahead

There are several ways this effort can get derailed once again. Some have expressed hesitation about being too "ambitious" and presenting an ordinance that would apply to too many areas of the city, cautioning against a "one size fits all" approach and inferring that a T1 district would need to be accompanied by "T2" or" T3" districts. I disagree for two reasons:

- The community vision for our corridors is similar across the city: less (and less visible) parking, multi-story buildings that address the street with active doors and minimal setbacks, no more one-story buildings, more residential uses, and buildings that don't cast shadows on the neighbors.
- 2) An ordinance can be written so that it self-adjusts according to factors such as distance from existing residential (which the current draft does). Other variables—like the width of the right of way, speed limit, distance to active traffic lanes, or distance from major intersections—could also potentially help fine-tune an ordinance to its context without needless complexity.

Starting a new process to contemplate multiple new categories of zoning will generate endless debate about which corridor gets what designation. A simple, self-adjusting zoning district that applies to all commercially zoned land along all of our corridors can be implemented city wide.

Other mechanisms like optional zoning districts or optional overlays that developers can "apply for" will not stop undesirable buildings from being constructed and should be avoided.

Lastly, some residents have suggested that any rezonings should wait for a "new" master planning process. I think this is an unforgivable insult to the residents, citizen commissions, and staff that have participated in planning discussions since 2009 when the city began adopting plans asking for corridor reform. (See list below for citations from existing city plans.) I typically take issue with neighbors who say that the city "doesn't listen" to them; however if this effort is stalled or piecemealed yet again, I will have nothing to say to them.



I made this a couple of years ago to highlight our aversion to making decisions.

What to do

Like in most governments, no positive things happen quickly or in a vacuum in Ann Arbor. There are very well-funded and highly-motivated forces within the city who are dedicated to slowing change or thwarting certain elected representatives. The bottom line is this: the pro-housing community has to step up and support our elected and appointed officials' obligations to change some of our most egregious policies. It starts in earnest at Tuesday's 7pm City Planning Commission meeting (participation information is here: https://a2gov.zoom.us/j/99539794201?pwd=enovTE9XOTdhZXFGUm12RU50WmRQUT09 Passcode: 361611 or call 206-337-9723 or 213-338-8477 or Toll Free 877-853-5247 or 888-788-0099 Enter Meeting ID: 995 3979 4201) Just as beneficial is emailing the Planning Commission at planning@a2gov.org and the City Council at citycouncil@a2gov.org or calling your representatives (contact information is here: https://www.a2gov.org/departments/city-council/Pages/Home.aspx).

Notes: Adopted city plans referring to corridors

Since at least 2009, Ann Arborites have been documenting their displeasure with our commercial corridors. These feelings are contained in planning documents that were created by the community and adopted by different iterations of City Council over the years. Many plans are a result of literally thousands of hours of volunteer participation, staff work, and political wrangling, so it is truly saying something when an issue gets highlighted multiple times in multiple plans over such a long period of time. We do not need more feedback. Here are some highlights from adopted plans:

"Office or residential uses should be provided above the store fronts to increase the variety of housing opportunities, encourage pedestrian access to the retail use, improve the viability of the retail businesses and encourage a village center. Single story retail buildings are not appropriate for neighborhood commercial centers...The design should emphasize a village center instead of a strip commercial mall... Auto related uses such as gas stations, auto repair shops and car washes should be prohibited and businesses with drive-throughs should be discouraged... Mixing office, retail and residential uses on the same site can encourage pedestrian activity, reduce vehicular trips, reduce imperviousness by sharing parking spaces, encourage a wider variety of housing options, provide services closer to places of work and neighborhoods and use land and infrastructure more efficiently... Evaluate the feasibility of reducing parking requirements or establishing maximum parking limits... Encourage residential densities that can sustain bus transit..." (Master Plan Land Use Element, 2009)

"Support increased density and mixed land uses in signature transit corridors... Create transit-oriented development overlay districts for signature corridors, to incorporate tools such as density bonuses, design guidelines and building form regulations to guide redevelopment." (Transportation Master Plan Update, 2009)

"Facilitate increased residential density, improved walkability and improved transit service..." (Reimagine Washtenaw, 2014)

"Action includes eliminating all parking minimums and setting low parking maximums through the Plan review process... The Plan recommends investing in land use strategies that allow for denser and mixed use neighborhoods..." (A2Zero Carbon Neutrality Plan, 2020)

"Use zoning to restrict additional development of auto-oriented design such as gas stations, office buildings, or large shopping centers with large amounts of parking in the front. Instead, zoning should encourage more compact development, with buildings closer to the street to increase traveler choices by making it more convenient for walkers, bicyclists, and transit riders... Promote residential and employment densities that support transit for development and redevelopment. This could mean minimum heights rather than maximum heights, and mixed use rather than single-use developments (example, a multistory building with commercial on the first floor and offices or residential above instead of single-story commercial)."

(Non-Motorized Transportation Plan Update, 2013)

"Encourage coordinated zoning and redevelopment at transit-supportive densities... Zoning and policies in Ann Arbor can be and are already being modified to allow for transit-supportive density, redevelopment, and infill development that help create a more vibrant city. Continuing to promote infill development, mixed housing types, multiple story buildings, and mixed-use transit nodes will maximize the City's investments in utility and transportation infrastructure, potentially help reduce travel-related GHG emissions, and create active and vital neighborhoods..." (Climate Action Plan, 2013)

From: Pat Zabawa < <u>patzabawa@gmail.com</u>>
Sent: Thursday, February 04, 2021 4:46 PM

To: Planning < <u>Planning@a2gov.org</u>>

Subject: Support for Proposed Zoning District for Transit Corridors

Hi Team,

I'm a Ann Arbor resident living at 402 E Jefferson St. :)

As per https://www.a2gov.org/departments/planning/Pages/Proposed-Transit-Oriented-Zoning-District.aspx, I want to write you that I'm in support of "increasing density along transit corridors" in order to keep housing demand supplied and prices from increasing as well as for walkability and environmental reasons.

Thanks for receiving feedback!

Pat Zabawa 402 E Jefferson St Ann Arbor, MI 48104 (215) 687-7127 From: Vince Caruso < vrcaruso@comcast.net > Sent: Tuesday, February 09, 2021 8:56 PM
To: Planning < Planning@a2gov.org >

Subject: General Comments on Transit oriented development Issues

General Comments on Transit-oriented Development Issues:

AA should not be required to handle all comers We are a landlocked city Lots of communities are within minutes of Ann Arbor

Build affordable housing yes, not just build more very tall buildings all over the city; Much better mass transit to outskirts of city
Our busses are awful, bad seats, ride, noise, smell; Go electric
Who on this panel ride AA city buses? Our family has a lot for 30+ years
Most think buses are for the poor, this needs to change
Bikeable walkable needs to happen now, as is happening in most towns

Unlimited or very tall building heights on T1 Zoning?
Major parking issues, everyone will have a car into the next many decades at least Parking out near neighborhoods with T1 parkers
More developer subsidies
Tall buildings negative for community generally, isolate, ugly

Tall buildings are not energy efficient: Reduces Tax Base of neighborhoods, known valuable tax base The carbon footprint of modern concrete building construction is huge Building Tall buildings 20 stories high, 20M lb in carbon emissions More subsidies for developers, no carbon tax

Water Utilities not available for major T1, unless spend a lot for YUCA, \$300M to \$400M, who pays; Spending \$100M to upgrade an existing system

More subsidies for developers

EPA Superfund cleanup toxic 1,4 Dioxane dump, not abandoned AA Water Utilities

Large cities are losing population like NYC, SF, in large numbers People have lost interest in oversized cities

Unlimited building heights should not be allowed in our city

Thanks, Vince Caruso From: JACK CEDERQUIST < john cederquist@comcast.net >

Sent: Tuesday, February 09, 2021 6:00 PM

To: Planning < Planning@a2gov.org>; Lenart, Brett < BLenart@a2gov.org>

Subject: RE: T1 Transit Support district

Hello Brett and others on Planning,

I write to add my name to the increasing list of homeowners who are concerned about building height limits in the above proposed zoning. My comments are:

- 1. The 80 foot height limit for buildings within 300 feet of an R district is too high. Combined with the proposed setback, this would allow a 30 foot high building within 30 feet and an 80 foot high building within 80 feet of an adjoining residential property. I believe the goals of T1 zoning can be met without this degradation of the quality of life and property value of Ann Arbor residents. The height limit needs to be significantly reduced and the setback increased.
- 2. The unlimited building height with zero setback elsewhere in the T1 zone is, again, too high. The Planning department needs to consider tall building heights elsewhere in Ann Arbor along with their location to establish a reasonable maximum building height. Allowing unlimited height suggests that the Planning Department is neglecting their duty to analyze existing buildings and is choosing an easy answer.

Thank you for considering my input,

Jack Cederquist, Orchard Hills - Maplewood Homeowners Association Board Member

From: Pat Zabawa < <u>patzabawa@gmail.com</u>>
Sent: Thursday, February 04, 2021 4:46 PM

To: Planning < <u>Planning@a2gov.org</u>>

Subject: Support for Proposed Zoning District for Transit Corridors

Hi Team,

I'm a Ann Arbor resident living at 402 E Jefferson St. :)

As per https://www.a2gov.org/departments/planning/Pages/Proposed-Transit-Oriented-Zoning-District.aspx, I want to write you that I'm in support of "increasing density along transit corridors" in order to keep housing demand supplied and prices from increasing as well as for walkability and environmental reasons.

Thanks for receiving feedback!

Pat Zabawa 402 E Jefferson St Ann Arbor, MI 48104 (215) 687-7127 From: Brandon Dimcheff < brandon.dimcheff@gmail.com >

Sent: Tuesday, February 09, 2021 6:01 PM

To: Planning < Planning@a2gov.org Subject: T1 and ADUs

Greetings Planning Commission,

I'm just writing to express my support for the plans I've seen for T1 zoning and revising the ADU ordinance to be more permissive. I like what I've seen so far, and while I'm sure there's more work to do, I am excited to see us make these strides towards building more much needed housing in Ann Arbor.

Thanks for your hard work, Brandon Dimcheff, Ward 4 From: J. Bruce Fields < bfields@fieldses.org > Sent: Tuesday, February 09, 2021 5:05 PM To: Planning < Planning@a2gov.org > Subject: tonight's Transit Zoning discussion

Dense housing along transit corridors is a such an all-around win: it lets more people live closer to work, boosts AAATA ridership, and broadens our tax base.

We need to do much more, but this is an important step. Please don't let this be delayed or watered down.

In particular, I certainly hope my own neighborhood (near Plymouth road) will be along one of the corridors considered for upzoning. We chose to live here because of the good transit service and proximity to retail, and additional residential density would build on those strengths.

Thanks for working on this!

-- Bruce Fields 2539 Prairie St From: Steve Krebs < highwaymansrk@att.net > Sent: Tuesday, February 09, 2021 10:18 PM To: Lenart, Brett < BLenart@a2gov.org >

Subject: T1 zoning

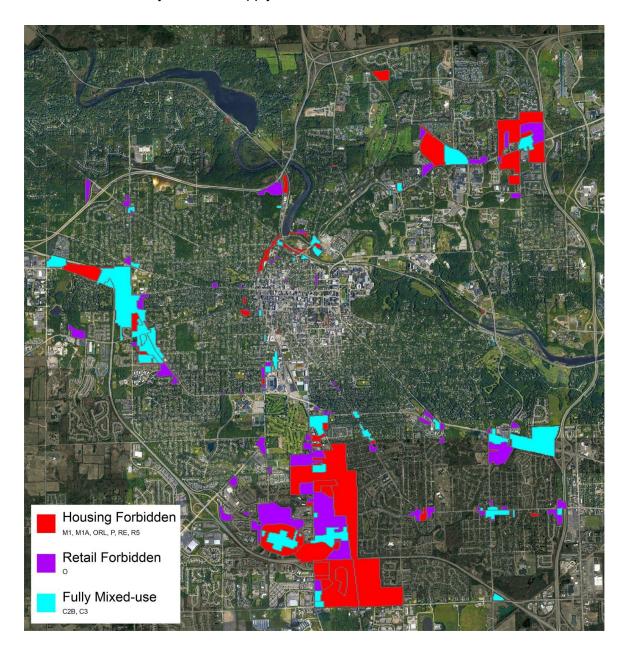
In a word, no. Just another ploy to suck more money out of Ann Arbor. Only the very rich developers can take advantage of this kind of unlimited height zoning. They end up destroying the very character of the town that makes something like this profitable. They take the money and run to the next destructive opportunity. No way do I want this. Run thes idiots out of town on a rail. Pass it on.

Steve Krebs 207 Montgomery 48103

Summary

At a glance, it might seem that the city's corridors are already zoned mixed-use, and the only hope for further reform is to "nudge" developers with further requirements. However, if you take a closer look, you will find that our corridors are mostly covered by zoning districts that either restrict mixed-use development or ban housing altogether.

Given this bleak baseline, the city can make a large positive impact simply by removing the exclusionary regulations that are already in place, rather than "nudging" developers with even more regulations, which could further discourage housing construction. To remove the exclusionary regulations in place, the planning commission should make the T1 district more flexible and then ask City Council to apply it to all of our corridors.



Our Corridors have exclusionary regulations.

- 1. Housing is <u>not permitted</u> in the following districts: M1 (Limited Industrial), M1A (Limited Light Industrial), RE (Research), ORL (Office/Research/Limited Industrial), R5 (Hotel), P (Parking).
- 2. In O (Office) districts, retail sales are <u>not permitted</u>, and the maximum FAR is <u>75%</u>. These rules prevent dense mixed-use development.
- 3. All of our corridor zoning districts have minimum parking <u>requirements</u> that limit building space and encourage people to use cars, in opposition to the city's goals.

Removing these regulations will spur housing construction.

Rezoning busy shopping centers like Westgate might not lead to more housing construction in the short term, but rezoning lower-density corridors like South Industrial and Ellsworth likely will. Currently, these corridors are mostly zoned M1, a district that bans housing and limits building coverage to 40% of each lot. Once these restrictions are lifted, landowners will have the opportunity to building housing on their half-empty lots near downtown Ann Arbor.

When I served on the Planning/HHSAB T1 committee in 2017, I pushed to include the South Industrial and Ellsworth corridors in the T1 zone. A city planner objected, on the grounds that rezoning these areas would cause landowners to quickly build housing and displace the existing businesses there.

I ask city staff and the commission to reconsider this objection. Protecting storage lockers, auto repair shops, and wholesale stores from competition with housing contradicts the city's goals for housing, transit, and carbon emissions.

To see what a rezoned M1 corridor might eventually look like, check out Pittsburgh's <u>Riverfront Industrial Mixed Use District</u>, which <u>allows</u> both manufacturing and housing, <u>Many other cities</u> have similar districts.



Pittsburgh's RIV-IMU district - [Street View]

There is a simple way to remove the exclusionary regulations.

As the map on page 1 shows, our corridors have dozens of nodes. If we only rezone a few of them, and then wait years for some undefined signal that tells us it's ok to rezone others, it could take decades to fully rezone our corridors. This pace would be unacceptably slow, given the city's housing shortage and 2030 climate plan goals.

Fortunately, there is a simple way forward. The city can rezone all of its corridors at once by replacing its fringe commercial, office, and light industrial zoning districts with a more flexible version of the T1 zone. This rezoning will also affect a few scattered properties closer to downtown, which is good, because low-density zoning districts than ban housing are particularly incompatible with the city's goals when they are located near downtown.

The commission can turn the T1 district into a flexible district with a few important tweaks, listed at the bottom of this document. Once these changes are made, the commission can proudly recommend that City Council comprehensively rezone its corridors by replacing the C2B, C3, M1, M1A, O, ORL, RE, and R5 districts with T1.

If City Council wants to carve out exemptions to please neighbors, it can, but the planning commission has a duty to recommend transformative changes that implement the city's housing and climate plans. To fulfil this duty, the commission must break its attachment to incrementalism and traditional light-industrial zoning.

Please be bold and ask City Council to allow housing and mixed-use development in all of our corridors.

Thank you,

Will Leaf -- willleaf@umich.edu

Tweaks to make the T1 district more flexible

- 1. Permit the uses allowed in C3 and M1, or at least the non-auto related uses.
- 2. Replace the mixed-use, transparency, and two-story requirements with design guidelines recommending these features. You could offer expedited review, or some other incentive for meeting the guidelines. Mandating these features in all cases would create hundreds of non-conformities and unintended consequences.
- 3. Scrap the parking maximums, or at least raise them to a level that won't kill all housing development, like 1.5 spaces per dwelling unit.
- 4. Cut the open space requirement, as it does not serve the purpose of the district.

From: Jean Leverich < <u>jeanleverich@gmail.com</u>>
Sent: Tuesday, February 09, 2021 7:35 PM

To: Planning < Planning@a2gov.org >

Subject: ADUs and Transit Corridor info session

Dear Planning Committee Members,

I am so excited that you are prioritizing flexible zoning for different kinds of housing in Ann Arbor. I appreciate your efforts to remove barriers to building ADUs in our residential neighborhoods so that we can more effectively meet the housing needs of people who are currently priced out of the neighborhood. I appreciate also the streamlined process.

I also want to voice my strong support for building multifamily housing along transit corridors, as housing stock in Ann Arbor is hard to come by, forcing people who work in Ann Arbor to live outside the City and commute in. With the population growing, we need to be intentional about creating enough housing so that housing costs do not continue to rise. Housing along transit lines also encourages use of public transportation and limits parking congestion. I would hope that multifamily housing along transit corridors would not require minimum parking spaces, so that new housing can be helping Ann Arbor move toward A2zero.

Thank you very much for this work in making Ann Arbor more inclusive and welcoming to new neighbors. I also applaud your efforts in investing in public transportation.

Sincerely, Jean Leverich Ward 5 From: Barbara Lucas < barbaralucas@icloud.com >

Sent: Tuesday, February 09, 2021 4:33 PM

To: Planning < Planning@a2gov.org >

Subject: support for ADU's and Transit Supportive Zoning

Dear Planning Commissioners,

I am strongly in favor of the amendment to require or encourage mixed uses in sufficient density to support adjacent transit systems; and to provide more housing choices and affordable housing along those corridors. Freedom of choice and preserving our environment—these are ideals we all hold dear. Solutions that increase the options for travel and housing, and reduce pollution and congestion at the same time, definitely should be encouraged.

I am also a strong supporter of Accessory Dwelling Units. I have explored the topic at length for my Green Room radio shows. I interviewed Holly Huntley when she was in town, and went on an in-person tour of ADU's in Portland. I have been consistently impressed with their attractiveness and benefits, which include:

- 1. <u>Carbon footprint</u>: In addition to allowing more people to live in walkable or transit-friendly parts of town, sharing the footprint of a building greatly reduces the carbon footprint per capita/per square foot.
- 2. <u>Resiliency</u>: If desired, the sharing of tools, helping each other out with chores, etc., can make for a mutually-beneficial arrangement. Aging in place can be supported as well.
- 3. <u>Safety</u>: More eyes on the street, more lights in the houses, make for a safer neighborhood.
- 4. <u>Affordability</u>: Owners get extra income, and the potential for reduced reliance on cars is a savings for tenants.

If I might, I would like to take a moment to suggest that the Commission also consider encouraging a less expensive option, a sort of "step-down" ADU:

- A full kitchen is very expensive to install, while you can do a lot with tabletop appliances like a
 microwave, mini fridge, and induction hot plate. Many people are fine with that in certain stages of
 their lives. But those same people may not willing to live without privacy. To get that, they need their
 own bathroom, and doors that separate their living space from that of the owner.
- Many homeowners have houses that are too big for them, but can't afford to put in an full-blown
 ADU. It would be great if the Commission would consider allowing a "step-down" version in all zoning
 areas, removing any disincentives—ideally providing incentives—for minor renovations such as adding a
 bathroom, a door or a partition wall.

I urge you to explore any and all measures that would maximize efficient use of housing footprints in transit-friendly and/or walkable parts of town.

Sincerely,

Barbara Lucas, 1211 Wright St., #248-974-6942Barbara Lucas www.barbaralucas.net barbaralucas@icloud.com #248-974-6942 From: Courtney Piotrowski < lovelycourtney@gmail.com>

Sent: Tuesday, February 09, 2021 4:06 PM

To: Planning < Planning@a2gov.org >; Taylor, Christopher (Mayor) < CTaylor@a2gov.org >; Briggs, Erica

<<u>EBriggs@a2gov.org</u>>; Ramlawi, Ali <<u>ARamlawi@a2gov.org</u>> **Subject:** Support for Housing in A2 -- ADUs and Transit Cooridors

Planning Commission, Mayor Taylor and Ward 5 Concilmembers:

I'll keep this to the point, and preface it by saying I in no way need a response back:

Please move forward zoning changes in support of ADUs and transit corridors -- we desperately need more housing of all types in Ann Arbor -- and this a great way to start to make progress on our goals of being a more inclusive and affordable city. More Neighbors Please.

Thank you.

Courtney Piotrowski Ward 5

From: Kirk Westphal < writetokirk@gmail.com > Sent: Wednesday, February 10, 2021 12:41 AM

To: Planning < Planning@a2gov.org>

Subject: Anti-T1 campaign Commissioners and staff:

Thank you for the opportunity to participate in tonight's meeting.

I think it's important that you see some of the materials being circulated concerning corridor rezoning, since they may be generating some of the feedback you're getting.

One is a map showing a half-mile radius around corridors (for some reason) and a neighborhood list email describing scenarios of 8-story buildings next to single family homes.

Best, Kirk

This evening (Feb 9) the City of Ann Arbor Planning Commission will have a working session to review passing T1 Zoning (unlimited height) on to City Council for adoption. Attached is a map of the areas they are proposing to be impacted by this zoning change. The red areas are currently zoned commercial. The yellow areas spreading out from the red areas represent the new zoning.

The new T1 zoning allows unlimited height buildings along the indicated streets and this height tapers down as it goes away from the indicated streets. The taper is down to 80 feet, or 8 stories, that would be right next to the remaining single family home areas.

Contact the Planning Commission, the Planning Department planning@z2gov.org sends an email to everyone in these two places.

Because the meeting is tonight you also might want to email Brett Lenart who is the Planning Manager, blenart@a2gov.org and ask him to convey to the Planning Commission and to the Planning Department.

If you have further comments you can email planning@a2gov.org
You can also call Mr. Lenart at 734-794-6000 ext 42606

City Council can be reached at CityCouncil@a2gov.org or you can email your personal council member by going to this page on the City website and finding the address. https://www.a2gov.org/depart.../city-council/Pages/Home.aspx

City of Ann Arbor Zoning T-1 Zoning; Unlimited Height in these areas 80' if within 100 yds of residential The red shows commercial where the law has been discussed to apply. Ann The yellow shows 1/2 mile zone from the designated roads. Arbor The green line and dotted lines shows the 3 target areas Twp Lodi Twp owntown Area Pittsfield Twp Map Features R1A (Single-Family Dwelling) AG (Agriculture-Open Space) C3 (Fringe Commercial) R4C (Multiple Family Dwelling) 0.5 1.5 0.25 R18 (Single-Family Dwelling) C1 (Local Business) MI (Limited Industrial) R4D (Multiple Family Dwelling) R3C (Single-Family Dwelling) CIA (Campus Business) RS (Motel-Hotel) MSA (Limited Light Industral) Capyright 2009-City-of Biss Adox, Michigan R1D (Single-Family Dwelling) No Park of this product shall be reproduced or interceded in any form or by any maters, electronic or mediumnes, for any purpose without prior written permission from the City of Asn. Artise. CIA/R (Campus Business/Residential) MZ (Heavy Industrial) R6 (Mobile Horse Park) C18 (Commenter Convenience Center) R2A (Two-Family Dwelling) RE (Research) O (Office) his map complex with Kestonal Rep Accuracy Standards for regging at 1 Inch + 196 Rest, The City of Arm Arbor and its R28 (Two-Family Dwelling) C2A (Central Business) Unuoned ORS, (Office/Research/Limited Industrial) R3 (Townhouse Dwelling) trapping contractors assume no legal representation for the contra endow neggrouphate use of information represented on this map. C2A/R (Commercial/Residential) P (Porking) Township Percels C2B (Business Service) R4A (Multiple Family Dwelling) Pt. (Public Land) Rivers and Lakes R48 (Multiple Family Dwelling) C2B/R (Business Service/Residential) PUD (Planned Unit Development) Map current as of March 9th, 2009

From: Adam Goodman adamgood1111@gmail.com>

Sent: Tuesday, February 09, 2021 3:51 PM
To: Planning < Planning@a2gov.org >
Subject: ADUs and Transit-Support Zoning

Good afternoon!

I'm writing in advance of tonight's working session to express strong support for the core ideas behind both proposals being considered tonight.

I probably don't have to remind any of you that Ann Arbor is facing both a housing crisis and a climate crisis. Prices continue to skyrocket, and in pre-pandemic times at least, over 80,000 people were commuting into the city every day, substantially in private cars. Transportation represents one of the largest sources of carbon emissions in our state, as well as nationwide. Simply put, we need to do a better job of enabling people to live near where they work, go to school, and so on, and to have viable commuting options beyond driving alone in private cars.

For the last decade or so, most of our major new housing construction has come in the form of downtown highrises. Don't get me wrong, I'm very much in favor of building dense housing downtown, but considered alone it will never be a sufficient strategy toward meeting our city's housing needs - and particularly, our city's affordable housing needs. To achieve any semblance of equity and sustainability in our community, we need to think beyond downtown. Building denser housing along our highest-frequency transit corridors, and allowing incremental low-impact increases in density in other neighborhoods, is an obvious next step.

That's why I'm really excited about the two proposals tonight. We've been talking about both of these topics in Ann Arbor for several years (indeed, much of this email echoes public comment I delivered in person to the planning commission at a meeting back in 2019!), so it's great to finally see some progress. Neither of these proposals will change our city overnight, but they will be valuable tools to add to our city's toolbox. In particular, transit-support zoning represents a recognition that our city should prioritize housing for *people*, not cars; instead of parking minimums, it contemplates parking maximums. When we stop requiring developers to build car storage, we make it possible for them to build housing - unsubsidized housing - that's more affordable, with less of a negative environmental impact.

My biggest concern is that, with the transit-support zoning proposal in particular, we may be thinking too narrowly. The 2019 materials only really contemplated two locations in the city as potentially applicable for the proposed T1 zoning district. I live on the west side of the city, near the West Stadium / Maple commercial corridor. While there are many great businesses along that corridor in easy walking/biking distance from my house, it remains extremely car-oriented and rather hostile to pedestrian and bike uses.

The city took some very modest steps at improving the pedestrian amenities on West Stadium over the last few decades, and they're appreciated, but insufficient. The fundamental issue is, the current zoning for that corridor still allows/requires enormous seas of parking, and e.g. every month it seems that a new drive-through is getting proposed along there. It could take a generation for that corridor to transform into what I'd actually love to see a new "neighborhood downtown", if you like - and I'd rather get that process started as soon as we can rather than continuing to allow new, pedestrian-hostile developments to be built for years to come.

Thank you in advance for your work on this issue.

- Adam

From: Courtney Piotrowski < lovelycourtney@gmail.com>

Sent: Tuesday, February 09, 2021 4:06 PM

To: Planning < Planning@a2gov.org >; Taylor, Christopher (Mayor) < CTaylor@a2gov.org >; Briggs, Erica

<<u>EBriggs@a2gov.org</u>>; Ramlawi, Ali <<u>ARamlawi@a2gov.org</u>> **Subject:** Support for Housing in A2 -- ADUs and Transit Cooridors

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Thank you.

Courtney Piotrowski Ward 5

From: John Woodford <<u>johnwood@umich.edu</u>>
Sent: Tuesday, February 09, 2021 2:31 PM
To: Lenart, Brett <<u>BLenart@a2gov.org</u>>

Subject: These stealth attacks

Dear Mr. Lenart:

These stealth attacks to bring about such drastic zoning changes are to be opposed. They're the sort of thing that arouses suspicions of corruption even in the absence of corruption. Because they're at least a sign of unethical governance.

John Woodford

Ann Arbor resident since 1977