Light Pollution: Wasting Energy in Ann Arbor

A2 Dark Sky Group:

UM Astronomy University Lowbrow Astronomers UM Student Astronomical Society EMU Physics and Astronomy Washtenaw Safe Passage Detroit Audubon Safe Passage

Sally Oey

University of Michigan, American Astronomical Society

with help from IDA, NOAO, and J. Lowenthal (Smith College, AAS Cmte on Light Pollution)







Nightscape: now

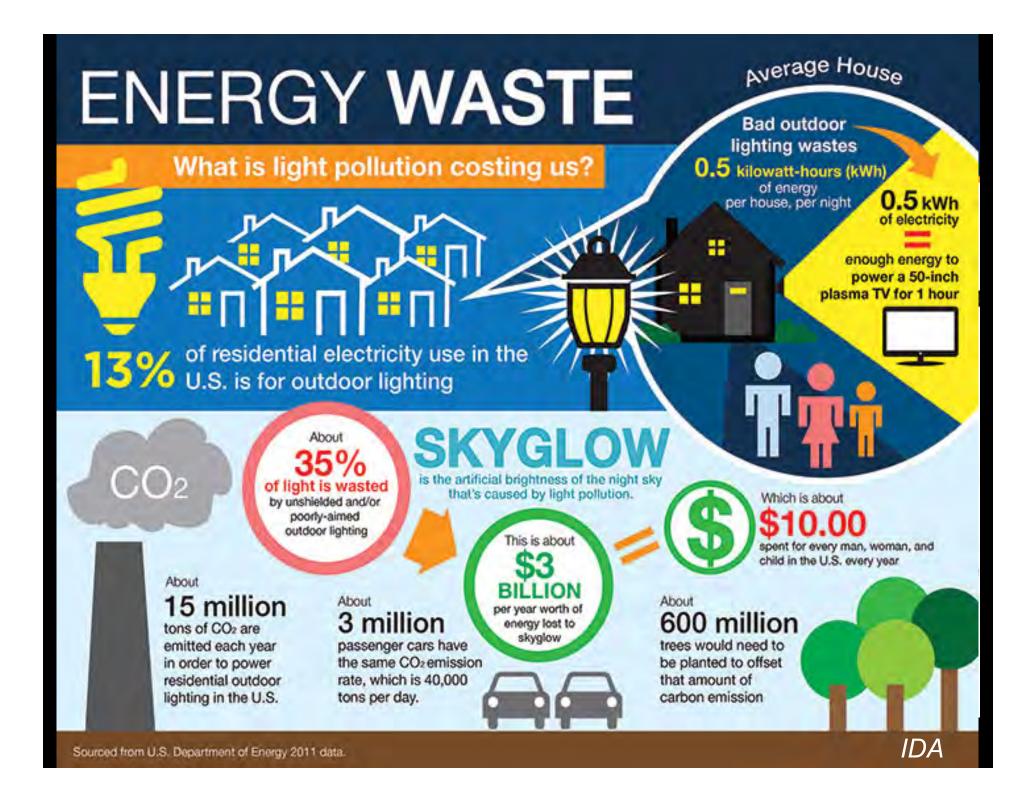
80% of people live in urban areas



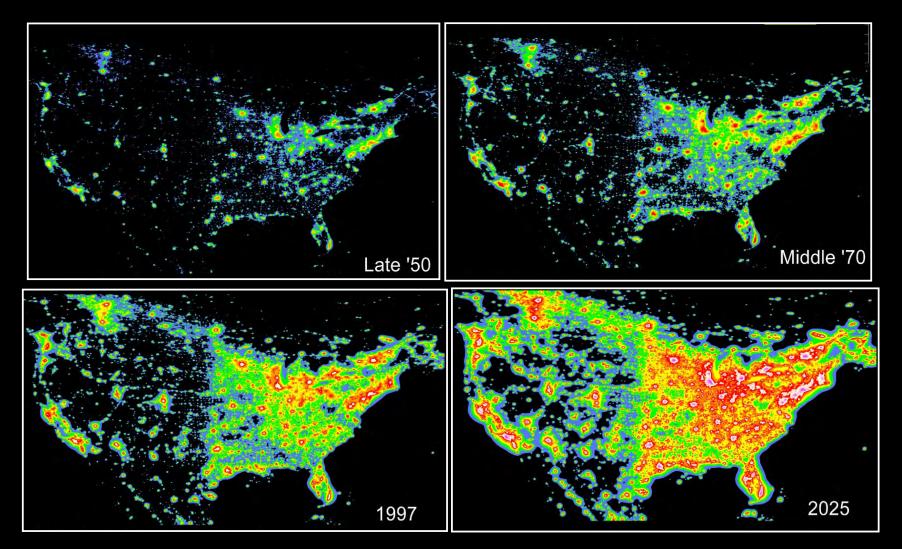
What is light pollution?

It is wasted light that performs no function or task Light = Energy

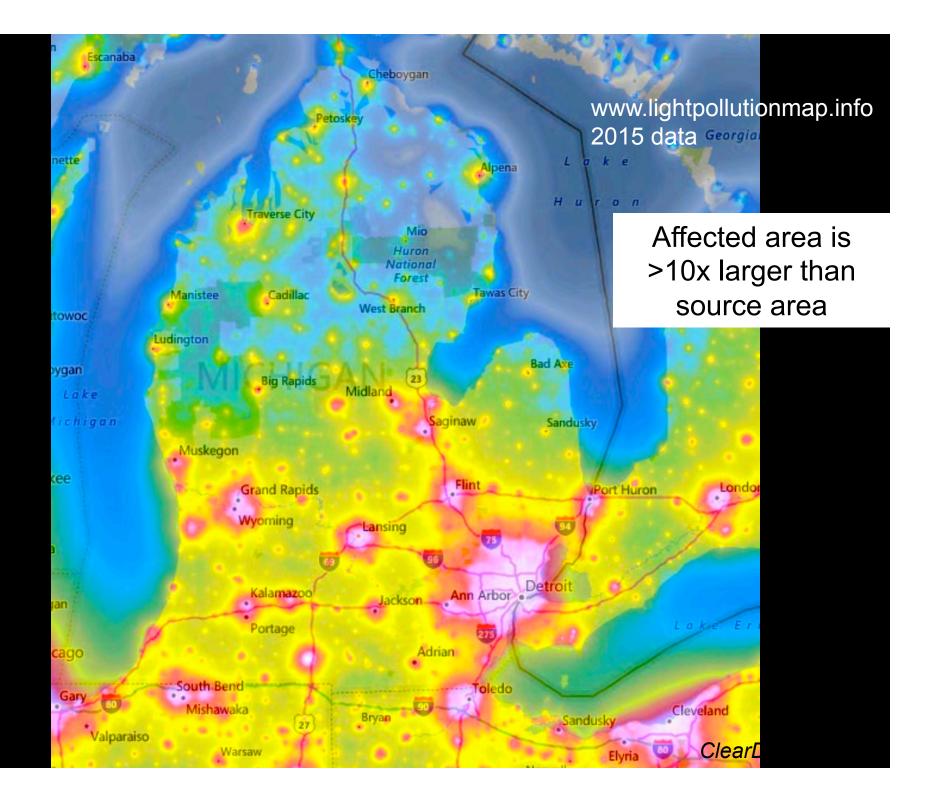




Increasing rate up to 20% / yr (Hoelker et al. 2010)



Cinzano, Falchi, and Elvidge (2001)



Negative Impact on Biology

 24-hr circadian rhythm, and melatonin production, is disrupted by artificial light at night (ALAN).



The Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine 2017 Jeffrey C. Hall, Michael Rosbash, Michael W. Young

"for their discoveries of molecular mechanisms controlling the circadian rhythm"

• ALAN disrupts the ecosystem.



- Building collisions are #1 cause of bird death
- Birds migrate at night
- Up to a billion birds killed annually

- ✓ Washtenaw Safe Passage
- ✓ Safe Passage Great Lakes, Detroit Audubon Society
- Fatal Light Awareness Program (FLAP), Toronto
- ✓ Chicago Lights Out Program



- Nocturnal pollinators
- Insects
- Bats
- Sea Turtles
- Fish, incl salmon
- ... and many more

American Medical Association Report of the Council on Science and Public Health (2016)

... some evidence supports a long-term increase in the risk for **cancer**, diabetes, cardiovascular disease and obesity from chronic sleep disruption or shiftwork and associated with exposure to brighter light sources in the evening or night.

... excessive blue wavelength. This feature further contributes to disability glare, i.e., visual impairment due to stray light, as blue wavelengths are associated with more scattering in the human eye, and sufficiently intense blue spectrum damages retinas.

It is well known that unshielded light sources cause pupillary constriction... This leads to worse vision than if the light never existed at all, defeating the purpose of the lighting fixture.

Astronomy: Our Connection to the Universe

- A fundamental science
- The night sky is the only astronomical lab of its kind.
- Tech transfer
- Science education





Northern Michigan

3 Types of Light Pollution:



Glare

Light Trespass





Sky glow

Glare reduces visibility





More light ≠ more safe





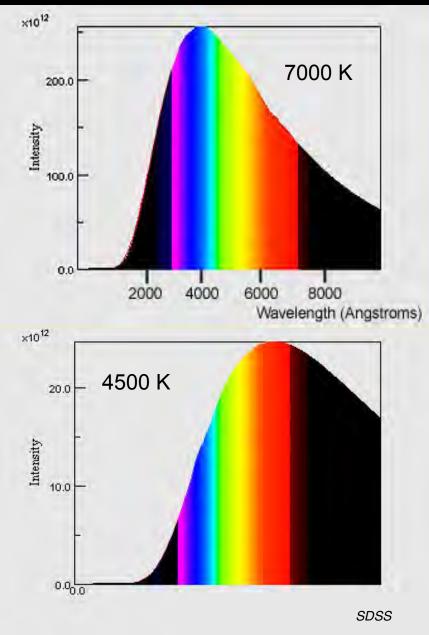
Stage Lighting

- Visible and safe? or vulnerable and exposed?
- Eye dark adaption compromised



More light ≠ more safe





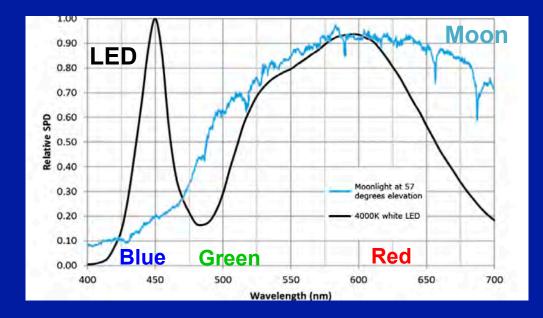
Ideally < 2500 K

Color temperature should be < 3000 K

- Blue light scatters <u>far</u> more strongly
 - λ^{-4} : 500 nm scatters 2x more than 600 nm
- Causing more glare
- Blue destroys night vision more than red
- Blue light causes 3-5x more light pollution than fully shielded, high-pressure sodium

It is estimated that white LED lamps have five times greater impact on circadian sleep rhythms than conventional street lamps. --- American Medical Association, June 14, 2016

Caution: color temp can be misleading



Both have Correlated Color Temperature", CCT = 4000 K

To match thermal spectrum, Color Rendering Index CRI = 100

Blue light scatters more! Different species see different color equivalencies

Solutions are easy!

- Light only what is needed
- Light no more than needed
- Light only when needed

Smart lighting, not more lighting

Brightness is exponential

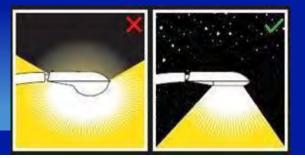
Full cutoff

shielding is essential!

i.e., zero uplight

Oblique upward angles scatter more than vertical!

Condition	Illumination
	(ftcd)
Sunlight	10,000
Full Daylight	1,000
Overcast Day	100
Very Dark Day	10
Twilight	1
Deep Twilight	.1
Full Moon	.01
Quarter Moon	.001
Starlight	.0001
Overcast Night	.00001



NOAO

Outdoor lighting should...

- Enhance visibility, not impede it
- Contribute to a nightscape, not dominate it
- Have a Master Plan

Good lighting design: No glare, trespass



Texas A & M University

Outdoor lighting should...

- Provide safety for traffic and in areas where needed
- Facilitate use of outdoor spaces

UM Palmer Field Tennis Courts: Light pollution from globes, not from fully shielded court lights



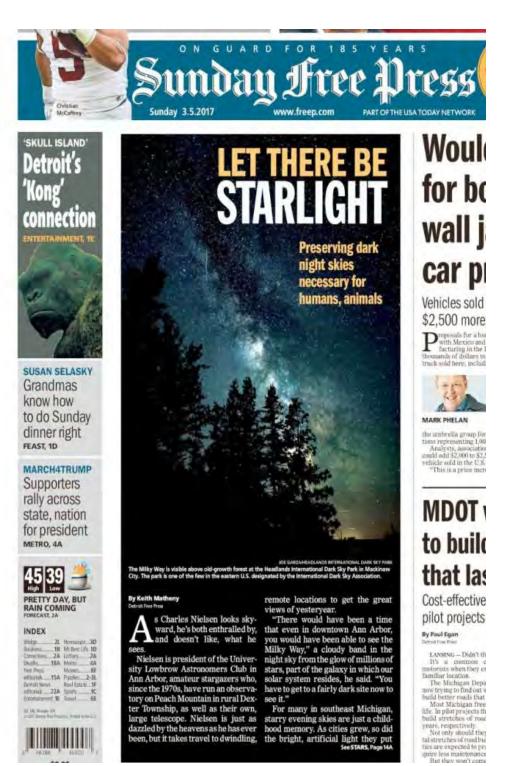
PURE

 1200 people signed Ford Field petition



M. Dalal

http://www.freep.com/story/news/local/michigan/2017/03/04/stars-light-pollution/98638932/











22 member amateur clubs in SE MI







"Astronomy at the Beach"

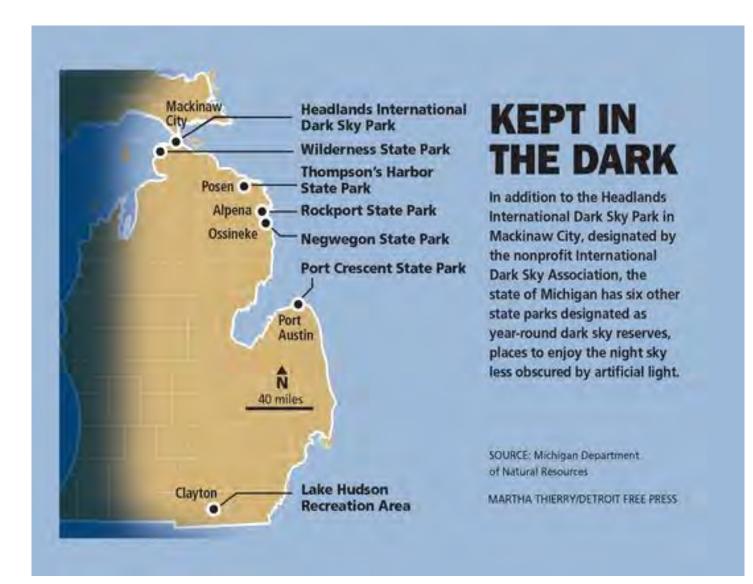
One of the largest amateur astronomy communities in the US



HEADLANDS International Dark Sky Park

- 6th IDA Dark Sky Park, 2011
- Near Mackinaw City
- Emmet County Park
- Founded by non-astronomers
- State of Michigan *Pure Award 2017*
- IDA Prize:
 Best Dark Sky Place 2017

6 MI State Parks are Dark Sky Preserves



Lighting Regulations

- Detroit
- Scio Township
- Brighton Township
- State of Michigan Dark Sky Preserves 2012, 2016
- Safe Passage Great Lakes Days

Mar 15 – May 31, and Aug 15 – Oct 31

- Ann Arbor Resolution 2009
- State of Michigan, Governor's Proclamation 2012



Light pollution control is consistent with City of A2 sustainability initiatives.



Cultivating our people, place and potential



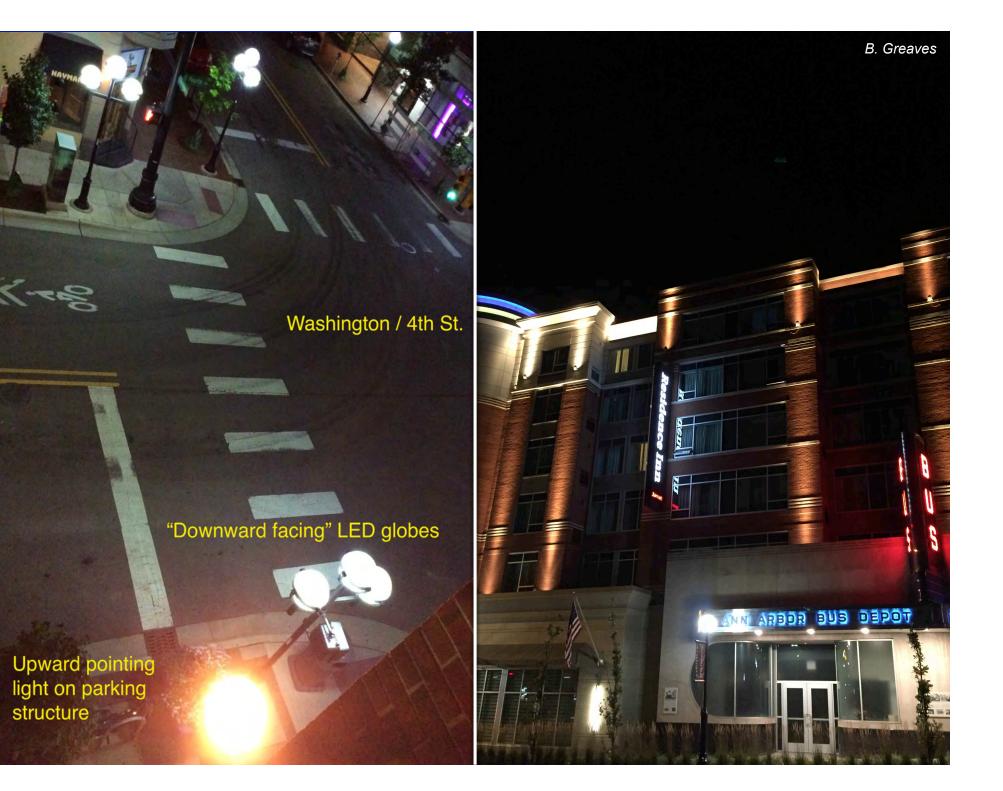


Ann Arbor

Pioneering, award-winning LED conversion pilot project, 2006 – 2011

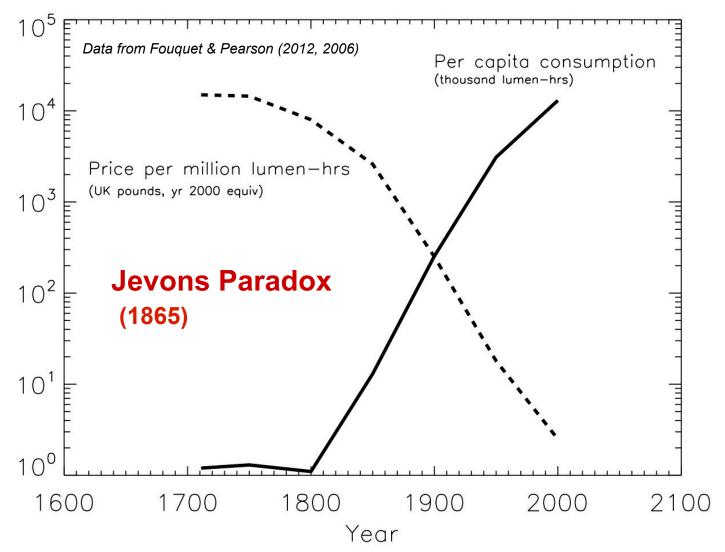
- Savings 850,000 kWh = \$180k / yr
- 2007 ICLEI Climate Innovation Invitational Award
- 2009 Energy Globe, US award
- National press: NYT, Nat Geo

"Glaring" omission: Light pollution!



Will we really save Energy?

Increased energy efficiency causes greater energy consumption!



Ann Arbor

Multiple Dark Skies initiatives over ~15+ years:

- University Lowbrow Astronomers ~2003
- Safe Passage Great Lakes Days 2009
- Burns Park trial ~2012
- Burns Park discussion 2016
- Current initiative 2017

LED Project Executive Summary (2011):

...Finally, because LEDs emit directional light, we have more control over what we light (streets and sidewalks) and what we don't (the night sky). This makes for easier compliance with the Dark Skies Initiative, which aims to reduce light pollution and its associated wildlife impacts. • City of Ann Arbor Climate Action Plan (2012) – no mention:

EB-4: Promote the use of efficient lighting technologies for both outdoor and indoor applications

- Resolution to proceed with major project to replace pedestrian globe lights (2017)
- Revision to Zoning Code (2017):

(5) (a) Buildings and additions constructed after the effective date ...in the downtown character overlay zoning districts ...shall comply with the following building design requirements:

1. ...

2. A minimum of 60% of the street-level facade shall be transparent windows or glazing.



Needed

- 1. Inclusion of light pollution control in A2 Climate Action Plan
- 2. City Ordinance to control light pollution
- **3.** City lighting audit and environmentally responsible Lighting Plan
- 4. Modification of globe light specs to specify *max* color temp and *max* lumen output
- 5. ... ??



Controlling Light Pollution:

Develop a responsible plan to:

light only what is needed, no more than needed, and only when needed.

- Save energy
- Restore natural environment and habitat
- Improve health
- Improve safety
- Reconnect with the night sky

Supports A2 and Michigan values