Overview Presentation

Ann Arbor Transportation Commission



RTA Background

What is the RTA?

- RTA Enabled through PA 387 of 2012
- Historical Context
 - Four separate fixed route operators (soon to be five!)
 - 20+ attempts at regional coordination
 - Lowest per-capita spending among major metros
 - Local communities opt out of funding creating a patchwork system

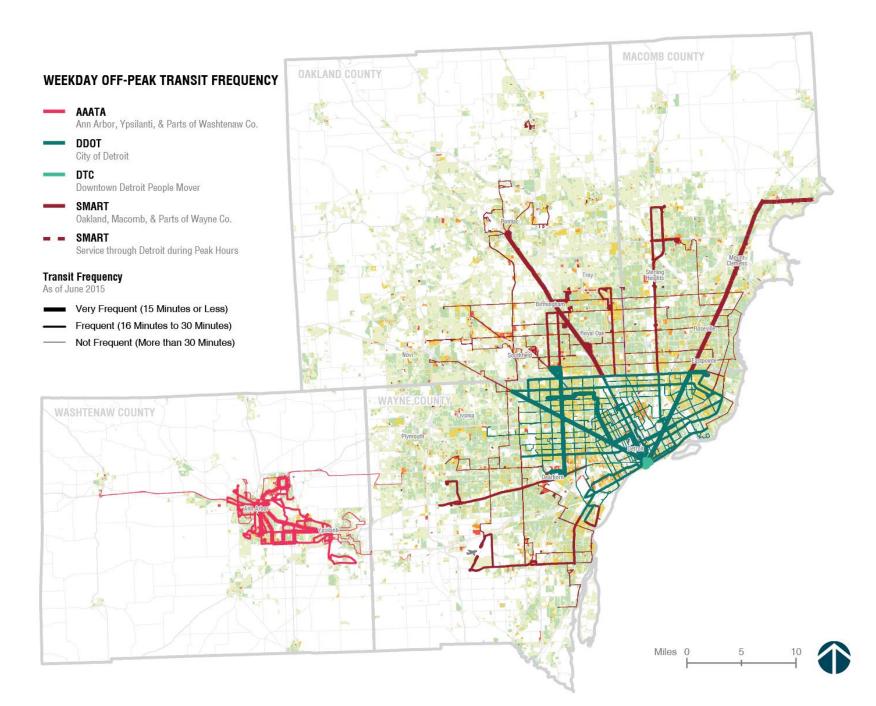


What is the RTA?

- What's unique about the RTA?
 - Four counties and City of Detroit
 - Regional governance
 - Authority over state/federal transit funds
 - Mandated Regional Master Transit Plan
 - BRT / Commuter Rail Corridor Studies
 - Opportunity to seek local funding







System Challenges

- Not designed for regional travel
- Not convenient for regional trips
- No rapid transit services
- Transit is perceived to be unsafe
- Transit funding is insufficient for regional needs
- ADA Paratransit, Demand Response, Mobility Management is inconsistent and uncoordinated
- Existing transit needs better coordination

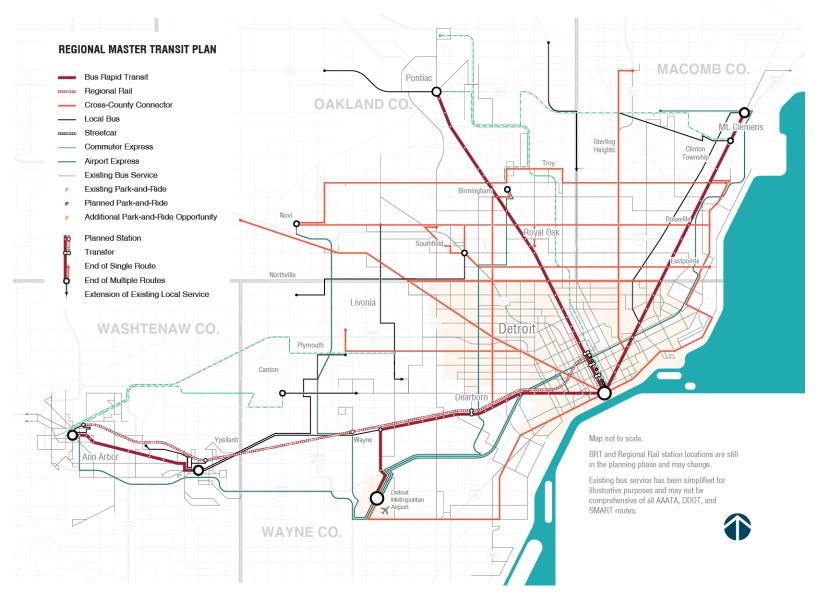


Political Challenges

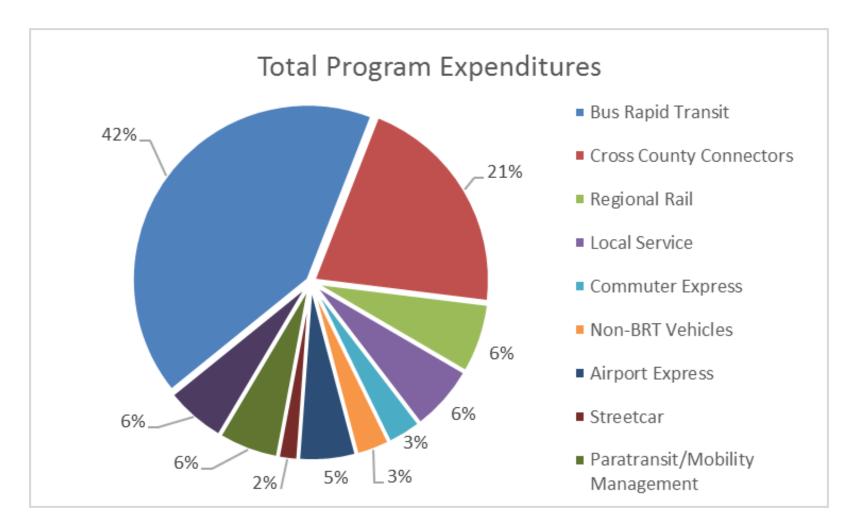
- 85% Mandate
- Integrating with existing providers with their own need for local funding and holding them harmless
- Historic mistrust between City of Detroit and suburban counties
- Introduction of Washtenaw County (City of Ann Arbor)
- Amount of funding requested



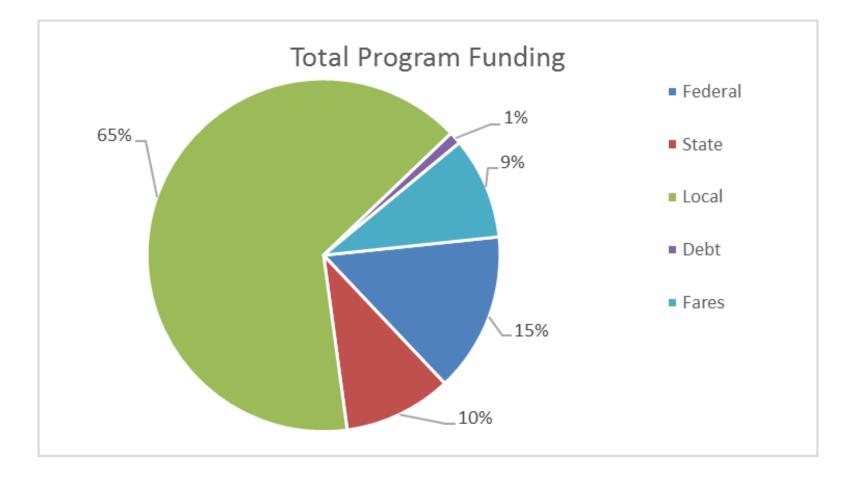
Regional Master Transit Plan







\$4.74 Billion



\$4.74 Billion



Referendum

Ballot Language

The proposal would authorize the Regional Transit Authority of Southeast Michigan (RTA) to levy within Macomb, Oakland, Washtenaw, and Wayne counties a property tax assessment:

- at a rate of 1.2 mills (\$1.20 per \$1,000 of taxable value);
- for 20 years beginning in 2016 and ending in 2035;
- that may not be increased, renewed, or used for other purposes without direct voter approval;and
- to be used upon the affirmative vote of an RTA board member from each RTA member jurisdiction for the purpose of construction and operation of a public transportation system connecting Macomb, Oakland, Washtenaw, and Wayne counties, including rapid transit bus routes across county lines, specialized service for senior citizens and people with disabilities, commuter rail, airport express service, and other public transportation purposes permitted by law, consistent with RTA bylaws and subject to the limitations of the Regional Transit Authority Act.

If this new additional assessment is approved and levied, revenue will be disbursed to the RTA. It is estimated that \$160,907,285 will be collected in the first year. Should this assessment be approved?



Results

	YES		ΝΟ	
Macomb	148,206	39.9%	222,883	60.1%
Oakland	292,462	49.9%	293,599	50.1%
Washtenaw	94,326	56.2%	73,654	43.8%
Detroit	144,865	64.5%	79,782	35.5%
Rest of Wayne	216,018	47.0%	243,938	53.0%
TOTAL	895,877	49.5%	913,856	50.5%





Next Steps

- Continue Core RTA Functions
 - Coordination with Providers
 - State/Federal Funding
- Advance Planning Initiatives
 - Flexible Transit/Shared Mobility/Innovation
 - Fare Integration
 - Corridor Projects
- Further Develop Pilot Projects
 - Reflex on Woodward and Gratiot
 - Ann Arbor to Detroit, Airport Service
- Meet with Stakeholders to Develop Long-term
 Strategy



Questions?

rtamichigan.org